*June* 1, 1774. NUMB. 2371.

# The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

*Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.*

*Philadelphia, May* 27, 1774.

ALL perſons indebted to JEREMIAH WARDER, or to JEREMIAH WARDER and SONS, whoſe debts are become due on bond, note, or book debts, are requeſted to come and ſettle their accounts, before the firſt day of Auguſt next, or they may expect to find them in an attorney's hands.

*Glouceſter County, May* 24, 1774.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday, the 18th of June next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of James Cooper, Innkeeper, in the townſhip and county of Glouceſter, the following tracts of LAND, viz.

ONE TRACT, containing 346 acres, on which there is a houſe, and ſome other improvements.----One other tract, containing 386 acres.----And one other tract, containing 70 acres. The whole ſituate in the townſhip and county aforeſaid, are timbered with hickory, oak and pine, are convenient to ſeveral ſaw-mills, and about 5 miles from a public landing on Timber-creek. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes, may apply to Richard Tice, living near the ſame. Late part of the real eſtate of the ſaid Richard Tice, aſſigned to us, and to be ſold for the benefit of his creditors, by ISAAC MICKLE, and THOMAS REDMAN, Aſſignees. ¶

*Lancaſter, May* 25, 1774.

BY virtue of a certain writ of our Lord the King, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by way of public vendue, on the 21ſt day of June next, at the houſe of Matthias Slough, known by the Sign of the Swan, in the Borough of Lancaſter, a certain tract or piece of warranted land, ſuppoſed to contain 96 acres, at the Ferry late of George Stevenſon, now called M'Cali's Ferry, adjoining lands of John Patton and others, and the river Saſquehanna, being generally deemed part of the Ferry land, in Lancaſter county, with the appurtenances; late the eſtate of the ſaid George Stevenſon. Alſo the eſtate of the ſaid George Stevenſon, of and in a certain tract of land, in Derry townſhip, in Lancaſter county, near the Round-top, adjoining to lands of George Bombaugh, Simon Singe, and others, containing 185 acres, and allowance, with the appurtenances.---And the eſtate and intereſt of the ſaid George Stevenſon, of and in a certain meſſuage and tract of land, ſituate in Manheim townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, near the Borough of Lancaſter, adjoining lands of George Roſs, Eſq; and others, containing 99 acres, and allowance (including four other lots) with the appurtenances. All ſeized and taken in execution by

† JOHN FERREE, Sheriff.

## FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, living in Reading-town, in the county of Berks, and province of Pennſylvania, on Wedneſday the 11th inſtant, two indented Iriſh ſervants, one the property of Thomas Atkinſon, named JOHN MURPHEY, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a dark complexion and down look, ſtrait ſhort black hair, black eyes, and hath much of the brogue in his ſpeech: Had on a brown coat, with yellow metal buttons, blue Germantown milled ſtockings, ſtriped ticken trowſers, new ſhoes, with half worn plated buckles, and an old felt hat, much ſtained by mortar; he can read and write Engliſh well. The other belonging to Hugh Donally, named WILLIAM BRANNEN, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, down look, ſandy hair, and much freckled in his face, can neither read nor write, and hath much of the Iriſh brogue. Had on, when he went away, a white homeſpun fuſtian coat and jacket, a homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, old leather breeches, new ſhoes, with plain Pinchbeck buckles, an old beaver hat, ſtained as above, and an old red handkerchief. They are both very fond of ſtrong liquor, and it is thought will forge a paſs; ſaid Brannen calls himſelf Patrick Delany. They were ſeen near Bethlehem, on their way to New-York. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervants, in any goal, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall receive a reward of Two Pounds for each, and reaſonable charges paid by THOMAS ATKINSON, and HUGH DONALLY. *Reading, May* 16, 1774. ¶

*Mount-Pleaſant, May* 16, 1774.

## FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Mount-Pleaſant townſhip, York county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named SAMUEL WATSON, about 22 or 23 years of age, of a fair complexion, ſtraight fair hair, has a mole at the corner of his left eye, ſpeaks good Engliſh, a well ſet fellow, clumſey in his walk, a large ſcar on his right leg, which appears through his ſtocking, has a large noſe, which ſtands awry; had on and took with him, a new fur hat, nankeen coat and jacket, lined with white linen, a pair of buckſkin breeches, almoſt new, made draw-ſeam faſhion, a pair of blue and white worſted ſtockings, a pair of blue yarn ditto, new calf-ſkin pumps, with carved ſilver buckles, ſtrong coarſe ſhoes, a fine mixt purple colored ſurtout coat, bound with dark ferret; he was bought out of York goal, laſt court. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, or brings him home, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN THOMPSON. §

## FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, the 16th of May laſt, an Iriſh ſervant man, named *Thomas Atkiſon*, about 25 years of age, has ſhort fair hair, fair faced, a little pock-marked, ſlender made, round ſhouldered, and ſeems to walk crippled; had on an old coating coat, an old cloth jacket, coarſe tow ſhirt and tow trowſers, old ſhoes, with odd buckles, and a good wool hat; he can read and write a little, and ſpeaks like a Virginian. The above reward, and reaſonable charges, to be paid by JAMES SCOTT, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county.

N. B. He is ſuſpected to have broke a houſe, and taken Five Pounds, one Half Johannes, two Twenty Shilling Bills, and three hemp ſhirts. †

## THREE DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, about the beginning of May, 1774, a large year old MARE COLT, of a darkiſh or dirty roan, or iron grey colour, and one or both hind feet white, and a ſtar in her forehead. Whoever will give information, ſo as the owner may get her again, or bring her home, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by § SAMUEL PHIPS.

[ *For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.* ]

## OFFICE

*For the SALE of REAL ESTATES.*

*TO BE SOLD,*

SEVENTY acres of land, in Weſt-Nottingham, Cheſter county, adjoining lands of Joſeph, Jacob and William Reynolds.

A lot, in the Northern Liberties of this city, on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, 53 feet 4 inches in front, and extending about 330 feet to Shacamaxon creek, within a few feet of its entrance into Delaware, on which is a good dwelling-houſe, and other improvements.

A three ſtory brick houſe, on the ſouth ſide of High-ſtreet, near the Coffee-houſe, with a new two ſtory brick kitchen; the lot is 15 feet 4 inches front, 72 feet deep; rents at 50l. per annum; is clear of groundrent.

*To be LETT on GROUNDRENT,*

Sixty feet of ground, on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, extending 130 feet eaſtward to Penn-ſtreet. Alſo a lot, at the north-eaſt corner of Front and South-ſtreets, being 40 feet front on South-ſtreet, and 53 feet 2 inches on Front-ſtreet.

*To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,*

At the London Coffee-houſe, on Thurſday, the 9th day of June, at 7 o'clock in the evening, unleſs ſold before by private ſale,

A lot of ground, on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, the next but one above the Bank Meeting-houſe, containing in front 20 feet, and in depth 160 feet, on which are two tenements.

A brick houſe, three ſtories high, a few doors below Spruce-ſtreet, on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet; the lot is 16 feet front, and about 40 feet deep; the houſe has been lately put in good repair, and now rents at 40l. per annum.

Should any perſon incline to purchaſe either of thoſe lots and houſes, before the day appointed for the ſale, they are deſired to apply to MATTHEW CLARKSON, or EDWARD BONSALL.

A good farm, in a high, dry, healthy ſituation, with a neat dwelling-houſe and offices, a good orchard and garden, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow and woodland, is wanted on a leaſe for three or five years, and liberty to purchaſe at the expiration of that term.---If near a river, or on the road between Philadelphia and New York, the more agreeable.

*To be LENT on INTEREST,*

Sundry Sums of MONEY, on good real ſecurity, in the city or county of Philadelphia.

BENJAMIN TOWN, *Tin* and *Copperſmith*,

RETURNS his thanks to thoſe who have hitherto been pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, and humbly hopes for a continuance of the ſame, as no care nor pains ſhall be wanting to give ſatisfaction; he takes this method to acquaint his friends, and the public, that he has removed his Tin and Copperſmith ſhop, from one door below Laetitia-court, to the north-weſt corner of Market and Front-ſtreets, where he continues to make and ſell, wholeſale and retail, all ſorts of tin and copper wares, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit. He likewiſe tins and mends old braſs or copper, in the neateſt and beſt manner, and gives the market price for old pewter, braſs, or copper.---All orders from merchants, captains of veſſels, or country ſtore-keepers, ſhall be gratefully received, and carefully attended to

Was loſt, the 17th of May, between Cheſter and the Lower Ferry, a folding Pocket-Book (made of beaver-ſkin) containing about Three Pounds. Whoever has found the ſame, and will deliver it to *Benjamin Town*, as above, ſhall receive Ten Shillings reward. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-houſe, on the 15th day of this inſtant June, at 7 o'clock in the evening,

TWELVE acres and an half of LAND, pleaſantly ſituated in the townſhip of Moyamenſing, about 2 miles from Philadelphia, adjoining Chriſtian Derrick's land; 8 acres of it are cleared and ſowed, and the reſt good woodland. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, by applying to Mr. CHRISTIAN DERRICK, who will ſhew the ſame.

All perſons having any demands againſt the ſubſcriber, are deſired to bring in their accounts as ſoon as poſſible; and thoſe indebted to me by bonds, notes, book debts, or otherwiſe, are alſo deſired to pay ſuch debts, within the ſpace of 3 months from the date hereof, in failure whereof I ſhall be obliged to put the ſame into the hands of an attorney, as I propoſe to leave the province as ſoon as I poſſibly can. JOHN MILLER. §

PURSUANT to an Order of Orphan's Court, will be expoſed to Sale, by public Vendue, on Saturday, the 18th Day of June next, on the Premiſes, two certain Lots or Pieces of Ground, ſituate in Germantown Townſhip, Philadelphia County, one of them lying upon Creſham Road, and adjoining John Johnſon's Land, containing about 1 Acre, 2 Rood and 36 Perches; and the other adjoining Roxborough Townſhip Line, and Land of ſaid John Johnſon, containing about 2 Acres, 3 Rood and 20 Perches; late the real Eſtate of Peter Ax, deceaſed. The Sale to begin at about One o' Clock; Attendance will be given, at the Time and Place of Sale, by

*May* 28, 1774. ‖ ELIZABETH AX, Adminiſtratrix.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the 20th of June inſtant, on the premiſes,

PART of a valuable plantation, containing 35 acres, well watered, 21 acres cleared, 7 acres of which are meadow, about 5 acres of good orchard, a frame dwelling-houſe, barn, and new tan-yard, ſituated in Weſt New-Jerſey Burlington county, and townſhip of Eveſham, 5 miles from Haddonfield, and about 8 miles from Cooper's ferry. At ſame time and place will be ſold about 100 hides, near tanned. The ſale to begin about two o'clock in the afternoon; attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, at the time and place aforeſaid, by ROBERT HUNT. ¶

*Bridgetown Goal, Cumberland County, Weſt-Jerſey, May* 23, 1774.

DELIVERED to my cuſtody, the 16th inſtant, a certain Negroe man, named *Richard Thompſon*, who ſays he came from Black-river, or otherwiſe called Black-creek, in Virginia, in the ſchooner Sally, Captain Weatherhold, bound for New-York, and was caſt away on Cape-May, about 4 months ago: The ſaid Negroe ſays he is a freeman, and is about 24 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high. His maſter, if he has any, is deſired to come, pay charges, and take him away, in 3 weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold out for the ſame.

ELIAS WHITAKER, Goaler.

## THE EXAMINER, No. V.

IT has been ſhewn, from the *Petition* delivered to the Crown by Mr. Wintkrop, and from the Tenor of the Charter which he obtained, as well as from a Variety of Arguments, founded on authentic Records, that the ſaid Charter was *intended* only to cover the *actual* Settlements, Purchaſe and Conqueſts of the old Colony, "or poor Plantation" of Connecticut; and that, by ſolemn Agreement, it was not to be extended ſo far *Weſtward*, as to include even New-Haven Colony. It is alſo ſhewn, in the Pamphlet, that the Crown underſtood the Charter in this Senſe; and, after paſſing it, ſtill continued to addreſs New-Haven as a diſtinct Colony and Juriſdiction.

ARG. 10th. But if there had been nothing elſe, and if New-Haven was to be left wholly out of the Queſtion, the Settlements and Poſſeſſions of the Dutch, Swedes, &c. which the Crown had not conquered, and could not grant, in 1662, did abſolutely *bound* and *bar* the Connecticut Charter to the *Weſtward*, as much, and in the ſame Senſe, as it was *bounded* and *barred* to the *Northward*, by the Maſſachuſetts Settlements. This is at length acknowledged, on the Part of Connecticut, by their own Commiſſioners, in their Letter to Governor Penn, dated December 18, 1773.---- "The Dutch Poſſeſſion (ſay they) of that Territory which was "afterwards granted to the Duke of York----occaſioned its being "excepted out of the original Grant to the Council of Plymouth, "and in Fact prevented its being ever veſted in the Crown, until "the Conqueſt thereof by Col. Nichols, in Auguſt, 1664. As "*that Territory, therefore, was not in* 1662, *in the Crown to grant*, "*no Part of it could paſs by the Patent to Connecticut.*"

This Point, therefore, need not be farther inſiſted upon, at leaſt ſo far as the Dutch Rights extended; and that theſe were conſidered as extending to the Province of Pennſylvania, as well as to New-York and New-Jerſey, will be ſhewn under another Head. At preſent it is only further to be obſerved, that the leaſt Suggeſtion of a Deſign, on the Part of Mr. Winthrop, to encroach upon the Settlements of the Dutch, then in Amity with England, would have brought the Ambaſſadors of the States-General to oppoſe his Grant.

Upon the whole, then, if it was clearly the Deſign of the Crown that the Connecticut Charter was not to extend ſo far *Weſt* as to injure either the neighbouring Colony of New-Haven, or any of the Poſſeſſions of the Dutch, can it be imagined that a Right was ſuppoſed or intended to be given thereby, to leap over all theſe Settlements, and to include a Country *Weſtward* of them, perhaps forty Times as large as all the Country which Connecticut then poſſeſſed, and *prayed* might be covered by a Charter. Such a Notion as this, to borrow ſome of Mr. Trumbull's Epithets, is "an idle Whim, egregiouſly ſtupid and ridiculous, trifling, impertinent and nugatory."

But to proceed, the Circumſtances, under which Mr. *Winthrop* obtained the Charter, as above ſet forth, will at length furniſh a Clue for unravelling the Myſtery of this ſingular Contrivance of leaving it looſe and abſolutely deſtitute of any Extent or Length on one Side. For altho' he was bound by his ſolemn Promiſes not to include New-Haven, yet he appears ſtill to have had a ſecret Hope, by future Management, to accompliſh this Point, and reach the old fixt Station with the Dutch, and therefore left the Charter open on that Quarter. But this would have proved a fatal Policy, if its Limits had not been ſoon fixed and *cloſed* by the Crown Commiſſioners, who in their great Indulgence extended nearly to the Line formerly ſettled with the Dutch, as will be ſhewn under another Head. Nay I will here add, that Mr. *Winthrop*'s Policy may yet be found fatal, if Connecticut ſhall perſevere in the Notion of over-leaping the Limits thus fixed; conſtruing their Charter in a Senſe which has never been allowed to any other of the like Sort in America, and claiming, to the Diſturbance of their Neighbours, an Extent of Country that could not be ſettled or ruled by many ſuch Governors and Companies as theirs. The Charter, it is preſumed, will be found but a feeble Baſis to ſupport ſuch enormous Claims. They muſt either adhere to the Limits ſet by the Crown; or, quitting them, take their Charter in its original *lame* and *defective* State.

The Reader, if he has not kept in Mind the Recital of the Charter Limits in a former Number, may be ſurprized at their being frequently called *lame* and *defective*, for ſince it has been ſhewn that the *Intention* of the Charter was only to cover the old *Connecticut Plantation*, and by Mr. Winthrop's Promiſe, not even to extend ſo far Weſtward as to include *New-Haven*, it might reaſonably be expected that ſome Words in the Clauſe deſcribing its Limits, would juſtify the preſent Attempt to extend it Weſtward of all thoſe Countries and Settlements which were originally intended to bound it. But the Fact is otherwiſe; for---

ARG. 11th. The Connecticut Charter, in its original State, bounds no particular Diſtrict or Country; and it is only by a liberal Conſtruction of its *Intention*, as above remarked, that it can be conſidered as valid, with Reſpect to the old Colony of Connecticut for which it was granted. To all other Purpoſes it would have been abſolutely ineffectual, if the Crown had not afterwards fixt and extended its Limits; and, except ſo far as they were thus extended and fixt, it ſtill continues ineffectual and void of all Operation.

I ſay then, that in its original State, the Connecticut Charter deſcribes and bounds no particular Diſtrict or Country. This is the Point now to be proved; and the Writer of the Pamphlet calls on any Mathematician or Geographer to lay down the Colony Lines from the Charter Deſcription of them, viz. "all that Part "of our Dominions in New-England, in America, bounden on "the *Eaſt* by Narraganſet-River, commonly called *Narraganſet-Bay*, where the ſaid River falleth into the Sea; and on the "*North* by the Line of the Maſſachuſetts Plantation, and on the "*South* by the Sea; and in Longitude as the Line of the Maſſachuſetts Colony, running from Eaſt to Weſt, that is to ſay, "from the ſaid *Narraganſet-Bay* on the Eaſt, to the South Sea on "the Weſt Part."

An *Eaſtern* Boundary is here given, viz. *Narraganſet-Bay*, which may be found. A *Northern* Boundary is alſo implied, viz. *as*, or perhaps *upon* "Maſſachuſetts Southern Line," which we know how to find, as that Line ought to have been in 1662, by Sir Henry Roſwell's Grant (under which the Maſſachuſetts was then held) altho' very different from the Line ſettled long afterwards, between Maſſachuſetts and Connecticut, amidſt numerous Bickerings, ſcarcely yet compoſed. But every Tyro in Mathematics knows the Axiom, that---"Two *right* or ſtraight Lines will not comprehend a Space."

But it may be ſaid the Charter gives two *Sea-Boundaries*, viz. "South by the Sea," and "the South Sea on the Weſt;"---and thus we ſhall have *four* Boundaries, whereof *three* are upon *Waters*, viz. Narraganſet-Bay on the *Eaſt*; the Atlantic Sea on the

*South*; and the *South Sea* (or great Pacific Ocean) on the *Weſt*; together with one Land-Line or Boundary, viz. the Maſſachuſetts on the *North*. But granting theſe *four* Boundaries, they will either contain nothing at all, or contain infinitely too much---For, in order to keep the two Sea-Boundaries, we muſt go round by Cape-Horn, and all along the Shore of the vaſt Pacific Ocean, till we come North to meet the Production of the Maſſachuſetts Line. And thus the little Connecticut Charter, which was ſolicited and obtained to cover a narrow Diſtrict about Connecticut River, and to run up to Narraganſet-Bay as its Front, would be ſtretched to a ſtupendous Size, conſtituting the Governor Company of Connecticut into the high and mighty Lords of all *South-America*, and the greateſt Part of *North-America* too!

This is no ludicrous Conſtruction of their two Sea-Boundaries; for they will bear this, better than any other that I have heard. But, ſay they, we only deſire a *reaſonable* Extent of Limits on the *Sea* (or Sound) and from thence to run off Inland, *throughout* to the other Sea in a *Weſt* Direction. Their Charter, however, gives no Plea for ſuch a Conſtruction; but on the contrary is wholly violated thereby. For by running off in this Manner *Inland*, the *Sea* is no more their *Southern* Boundary, but a long *Land-Line* of at leaſt Three Thouſand Miles. And where (may we aſk) will they leave the Sea, and begin to run acroſs to the other Sea? Their Charter ſays, at Narraganſet-Bay on the *Eaſt*. If then this Bay be their *Eaſtern* Front, and they run off from thence *Weſtward*, carrying the Breadth of the Bay throughout, they will have but a very *narrow* Colony, and Pennſylvania need not be under much Apprehenſions from them----It is however unlucky for this Conſtruction, that Connecticut Colony does not now begin at Narraganſet-Bay, and then run *Weſt*; but begins at Paukutuck River, about Twenty-five Miles Weſtward from the Bay, and from thence runs *Northerly*, and not *Weſterly*.---In ſhort, the Charter gives no Place of running off from the *Sea* but Narraganſet-Bay, and there is no more Colour under the Charter for leaving the *Sea* at Byram-Brook, or any other Place Weſtward of Narraganſet-Bay, than for running along the Sea to Savannah River at Georgia, and then running off *Inland* to the other Sea. Again, when they ſpeak of *reaſonble* Limits, we ſay that while they are allowed their *ancient* Limits, and what appears to have been intended to be covered by their *Charter*, they have what is reaſonable; and that it is wholly *unreaſonable* in them to aſk what the Crown gave above Ninety Years ago to another, and has been enjoyed ever ſince, without any Objection made, or Claim put in, on the Part of Connecticut, till the *Reſolve* paſt by their Aſſembly in October laſt. For the viſionary Schemes of Individuals, not avowed, but diſowned, by the Powers of Government, could not be called a Colony Claim.

[N. B. *The Remainder of this Number could not be inſerted this Week for Want of Room, but will be put into the next Number.*]

## LETTER II.

### To the INHABITANTS of the BRITISH COLONIES in AMERICA.

Brethren,

IT is not my Deſign to travel through all the miniſterial Manœuvres reſpecting us, ſince the Commencement of this Reign. It is not neceſſary. Sufficient, I truſt, it will prove, to lay before you ſuch a Series of correſpondent Facts, as will thoroughly convince you,---that a Plan has been deliberately framed, and pertinaciouſly adhered to, unchanged even by frequent Changes of Miniſters, unchecked by any intervening Gleam of Humanity, to ſacrifice to a Paſſion for arbitrary Dominion, the univerſal Property, Liberty, Safety, Honour, Happineſs and Proſperity of us, unoffending yet devoted Americans---And that every Man of us is deeply intereſted in the Fate of our Brethren of *Boſton*.

If ſuch a Series is not laid before you, the combined Force of which ſhall tear up by the Roots, and throw out of your Boſoms, every lurking Doubt, cenſure me as an Enthuſiaſt, too violently warmed by a Senſe of the Injuſtice practiſed againſt my beloved Country.

The Danger of a Father's Life, once racked Words from a dumb Son. Worſe than Death, in my View, threatens our common Mother. Pardon, therefore, a Brother's Imperfections.

Amidſt a Volume of Inſtitutions, called Regulations---wrong at firſt---corrected into other Errors---again corrected---ſtill requiring Regulation---and remaining, after all their Editions, if not like *Draco*'s Codes of Blood, yet Codes of Plunder---confounding by the Intricacy and Multiplicity of their Inventions---and confiſcating for having confounded *---appears the Fourth of *George* the Third, Chap. 15th, ſtiled "An Act for granting certain Duties in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in *America*, &c." This was the firſt Comet of this Kind that glared over theſe Colonies ſince their Exiſtence. Here firſt we find the Commons of *Great-Britain*, "giving and granting" our Money, *for the expreſs Purpoſe* of "raiſing a Revenue in *America*."

We, buſy in guiding our Ploughs, felling our Timber, or ſailing in the Circuits of Traffic preſcribed us, and ſtill veering like Bees to their Hive, with Millions of our Gains to *Great-Britain*, the Center of our Toils by Land and Sea, poor harmleſs Huſbandmen and Traders! ſcarce obſerved the Blow given us. Our Hearts filled with Confidence by contemplating the pleaſing Images of her generous diſtinguiſhed Virtues, from the Splendor of which, in our Judgment, thoſe of ancient *Greece* and *Rome* hid their diminiſhed Heads---Suſpicion could find no Entrance. We ſaw, in the Preamble, ſomething of the uſual Forms "for extending and "ſecuring Navigation and Commerce,"---were lulled into Security, nor could ſuppoſe the Stroke was aimed at our Vitals. An Infant, that had tottered along a directed Walk in a Garden, and loaded with Flowers had preſented them to a Mother, would as ſoon have expected to be knocked down by her.---

Not long were we ſuffered to enjoy our Tranquility. The 5th of *George* the Third, Chapter the 12th, the ever memorable Stamp-Act, quickly followed. By this, reciting the former Act, the Commons of *Great-Britain* "gave and granted" Duties, ſo called, of our Money on almoſt every Piece of Parchment, Vellum or Paper to be uſed in theſe Colonies, and declared every Inſtrument of Writing without a Stamp to be void. Tax-gatherers of a new Kind were appointed to collect theſe Duties. The Petitions of our Aſſemblies, previous to its paſſing, on Notice received of the Deſign, aſſerting our Rights, and ſupplicating a Reſpect for them, were treated with Contempt. You remember the Time and its Diſtreſs. You behaved as you ought.† Convinced that a People, who *wiſh* to be free, muſt *reſolve* to be free, you aboliſhed the "abominable Thing"----and proceeded in your uſual Buſineſs, without any Regard to the illegal Edict obtruded upon you.

Permit me to add two Obſervations, relating to remarkable Attendants on the Taxation comprized in that Act, the Memory of which is perhaps grown faint, from Length of Time, in ſome Minds.

By the Statutes granting Stamp-duties in *England* or *Great-Britain*, eſpecial Caution has been taken, that nothing more ſhould be levied upon the Subject, under any Pretence whatſoever, than the Duties themſelves. Theſe Words run through thoſe Acts----- "That the Officers ſhall receive the ſeveral Duties----and ſtamp "and mark the Vellum, Parchment and Paper, &c. *without any other Fee or Reward*---which Stamp or Mark ſhall be a ſufficient "Diſcharge for the reſpective Duties, &c." And "the Commiſſioners ſhall take Care, that the ſeveral Parts of the Kingdom ſhall, from Time to Time, be ſufficiently furniſhed with "Vellum, Parchment and Paper, ſtamped and marked as is directed, TO THE END, that the Subjects, &c. MAY HAVE IT "IN THEIR ELECTION, *either to buy* the ſame of the Officers "and Perſons to be employed, &c. at the *uſual* and *moſt common* "*Rates* above the ſaid Duties, or *to bring* THEIR OWN Vellum, "Parchment or Paper, to be ſtamped or marked as aforeſaid."‡

Was the Stamp-Act for *America* like thoſe Statutes? Judge. By this it is enacted, "that the High Treaſurer, or any three or "more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, ſhall once in every "Year SET THE PRICES, at which all Sorts of ſtamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, ſhall be ſold, &c."

The Stamps were kept in *England*. Ship loads of "all Sorts "of ſtamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper," were ſent over to us. We had no *Choice*, either to take theſe or to carry other Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be ſtamped. We muſt not only have paid the certain Duties impoſed, but the uncertain "Prices," which the Commiſſioners ſhould pleaſe to "ſet" for the Value of their "Vellum, Parchment and Paper;" and "Penalties "and Forfeitures" fell upon us, every Step we took, without paying theſe *Impoſitions*. This ſurely was not only to be taxed by the Parliament, but over again for the ſame Articles by the Commiſſioners.

Here ſome Men, whoſe Minds are ſtrongly impreſſed with Ideas of Equity, may aſk, if it is poſſible that even a Britiſh Parliament ſhould ſo wantonly degrade us? It is as true, as that the Port of *Boſton* is THIS DAY ſhut up.

The "Forfeitures and Penalties thereby impoſed were to be ſued for and recovered in any Court of Record, or in ANY COURT OF ADMIRALTY OR VICE-ADMIRALTY, appointed or to be appointed, and having Juriſdiction in the reſpective Colony where the Offence ſhould be committed, &c."

THIS was no Regulation of Trade. The Facts, to be tried in any Diſpute, muſt have ariſen on Land----within the Body of a County---as remote from Admiralty Juriſdiction on every conſtitutional Principle, as a Suit on a Bond, or an Ejectment for a Freehold. Yet thus, by a few Lines, was the ineſtimable Privilege of Trial by Jury to be torn from you and your Poſterity. Thus the Deciſion of the Rights of Property, not in Controverſies between Man and Man, on the Queſtion of "meum vel tuum," where though wrung by Oppreſſion, the wretched Loſer might draw a Degree of Conſolation, by reflecting that he had received ſome Conſideration for the Subſtance taken away, or at leaſt that a Countryman gained his Spoils---but in Litigations founded on rigid *Forfeitures* and arbitrary *Penalties*---was to be referred to the incorrupt Tribunals of ſingle Judges----appointed from another Country---filled with its Prejudices---holding their Commiſſions during Pleaſure---totally independant on you---claiming Fees and Salaries to be paid out of your Money, condemned by themſelves.§

If this be "Wiſdom," it is not of that Kind, the "Ways "whereof are *paſt finding out*."

The Act, thus revoked by you, received ſoon after a formal Repeal in Parliament. This was done by the 6th of *George* the Third, Chapter the 11th. Becauſe it was unconſtitutional, as we were not and could not be repreſented there? No. Becauſe it deprived "three Millions" of loyal Subjects of their darling Privilege of Trial by Jury, "the beſt Preſervative of Engliſh Liberty?" No. Becauſe "the Continuance of the ſaid Act would be attended with "many Inconveniences, and might be productive of Conſequences "greatly detrimental to the commercial Intereſts of" *Great-Britain*.

Cool, guarded Expreſſions! breathing the true Spirit of the modern Philoſophy, ſo prevailing among the higher Ranks in that poliſhed Kingdom. How much Care to avoid *Inconveniences* and *Detriment* to their own *commercial* Intereſts! How ſovereign a Contempt for all the Agonies, that bowed us down to the Earth, while Indignation, Shame, Grief, Affection, Veneration and Gratitude, combated within our Breaſts! They were adviſed to ſpeak Peace to our Souls, by nobly aſſigning an "*erroneous Principle*," for the Repeal.¶ No. The Freedom of *America* is the *Carthage* of *Great-Britain*---DELENDA EST. Let us repeal the Act, but never reſign the Principle, on which it was founded.

One *generous* ſtep, however, they did take, becoming *Britons*. It demands our Acknowledgments: Nor ſhould we withhold them. Why will they not ſuffer us to thank them for other Favours?

The repealing Act ſpoke an indeciſive Language, ſubject to Comments, that might differ on different Sides of the *Atlantic*. We might have been too much agitated between Hopes and Apprehenſions. It would have been unkind to leave us in ſuch a State of Anxiety. It would have been unworthy of a free People, who were detemined to ſubjugate another free People. *Parmenios* may ſteal Victories. *Alexander* ſcorns it.

Therefore, the ſame Day, I think, in which they repealed the Stamp-Act, in the next Chapter, however, they *candidly* explained to us their Sentiments and Reſolutions, beyond Poſſibility of a Miſtake, by the "Act for the better ſecuring the Dependency of his Majeſty's Dominions in *America* upon the Crown and Parliament of *Great-Britain*.

"Lift up thine Eyes round about, and behold: All theſe ga"ther themſelves together, AND COME TO THEE: Thou ſhalt "SURELY CLOTHE thee with them all, as with an Ornament, "and BIND them on thee as a Bride doth." Iſaiah, Chap. 49.

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* "*Omitting the immenſe Increaſe of People, by natural Population, in the more northern Colonies, and the Migration from every Part of* Europe, *I am convinced the whole commercial Syſtem of* America *may be altered to Advantage. You have prohibited where you ought to have encouraged; and you have encouraged, where you ought to have prohibited. Improper Reſtraints have been laid on the Continent in Favour of the Iſlands. You have but two Nations to trade with in* America. *Would you had twenty! Let acts of Parliament in Conſequence of Treaties remain, but let not an* Engliſh Miniſter *become a* Cuſtom-Houſe Officer *for* Spain, *or for any foreign Power. Much is wrong, much may be amended for the general Good of the whole.*"
*Mr.* PITT's *Speech.*

† "*I rejoice that America has reſiſted. Three Millions of People, ſo dead to all the Feelings of Liberty, as voluntarily to conſent to be Slaves, would have been fit Inſtruments to make Slaves of the reſt,*"
*Mr.* PITT's *Speech.*

‡ *5th and 6th Will. and Mar. ch.* 21. 30*th G.* 2*d. ch.* 19. *and other Statutes.*

§ "*When the Jury have delivered in their Verdict, and it is recorded in Court, they are then diſcharged. And ſo ends the Trial by Jury: A Trial, which beſides the other vaſt Advantages which we have occaſionally obſerved in its Progreſs, is alſo as expeditious and cheap, as it is convenient, equitable, and certain; for a Commiſſion out of Chancery, or the Civil Law Courts, for examining Witneſſes in one Cauſe will frequently laſt as long, and of Courſe be full as expenſive, as the Trial of a hundred Iſſues at* niſi prius; *and yet the Fact cannot be determined by ſuch Commiſſioners at all; no, not till the Depoſitions are publiſhed and read at the Hearing of the Cauſe in Court.*

"*Upon theſe Accounts the Trial by Jury ever has been, and I truſt ever will be, looked upon as the Glory of the Engliſh Law. And, if it has ſo great an Advantage over others in regulating civil Property, how much muſt that Advantage be heightened, when it is applied to criminal Caſes! But this we muſt refer to the enſuing Book of theſe Commentaries: Only obſerving for the preſent, that it is the moſt tranſcendent Privilege which any Subject can enjoy, or wiſh for, that he cannot be affected either in his Property, his Liberty, or his Perſon, but by the unanimous Conſent of Twelve of his Neighbours and Equals. A Conſtitution, that I may venture to affirm has, under Providence, ſecured the juſt Liberties of this Nation for a long Succeſſion of Ages. And therefore a celebrated French Writer, (a) who concludes, that becauſe Rome, Sparta, and Carthage have loſt their Liberties, therefore thoſe of England in Time muſt periſh, ſhould have recollected that Rome, Sparta, and Carthage, at the Time when their Liberties were loſt, were Strangers to the Trial by Jury.*

"*Great as this Eulogium may ſeem, it is no more than this admirable Conſtitution, when traced to its Principles, will be found in ſober Reaſon to deſerve. The impartial Adminiſtration of Juſtice, which ſecures both our Perſons and our Properties, is the great End of Civil Society. But if that be entirely intruſted to the Magiſtracy, a ſelect Body of Men, and thoſe generally ſelected by the Prince, or ſuch as enjoy the higheſt Offices in the State, their Deciſions, in Spight of their own natural Integrity, will have frequently an involuntary Bias towards thoſe of their own Rank and Dignity: It is not to be expected from human Nature, that* the few *ſhould be always attentive to the Intereſts and Good of* the many. *On the other Hand, if the Power of Judicature were placed at Random in the Hands of the Multitude, their Deciſions would be wild and capricious, and a new Rule of Action would be every Day eſtabliſhed in our Courts. It is wiſely therefore ordered, that the Principles and Axioms of Law, which are general Propoſitions, flowing from abſtracted Reaſon, and not accommodated to Times or to Men, ſhould be depoſited in the Breaſts of the Judges, to be occaſionally applied to ſuch Facts as come properly aſcertained before them. For here Partiality can have little Scope: The Law is well known, and is the ſame for all Ranks and Degrees; it follows as a regular Concluſion from the Premiſes of Fact pre-eſtabliſhed. But in ſettling and adjuſting a Queſtion of Fact, when intruſted to any ſingle Magiſtrate, Partiality and Injuſtice have an ample Field to Range in; either by boldly aſſerting that to be proved which is not ſo, or more artfully by ſuppreſſing ſome Circumſtances, ſtretching and warping others, and diſtinguiſhing away the Remainder. Here therefore a competent Number of ſenſible and upright Jurymen, choſen by Lot from among thoſe of the middle Rank, will be found the beſt Inveſtigators of Truth, and the ſureſt Guardians of public Juſtice. For the moſt powerful Individual in the State will be cautious of committing any flagrant Invaſion of another's Right, when he knows that the Fact of his Oppreſſion muſt be examined and decided by Twelve indifferent Men; and that, when once the Fact is aſcertained, the Law muſt of Courſe redreſs it. This therefore preſerves in the Hands of the People that Share which they ought to have in the Adminiſtration of public Juſtice, and prevents the Encroachments of the more powerful and wealthy Citizens. Every new Tribunal, erected for the Deciſion of Facts, without the Intervention of a Jury (whether compoſed of Juſtices of the Peace, Commiſſioners of the Revenue, Judges of a Court of Conſcience, or any other ſtanding Magiſtrates) is a Step towards eſtabliſhing Ariſtocracy, the moſt oppreſſive of abſolute Governments. The feodal Syſtem, which, for the Sake of military Subordination, purſued an ariſtocratical Plan in all its Arrangements of Property, had been intolerable in Times of Peace, had it not been wiſely counterpoiſed by that Privilege, ſo univerſally diffuſed through every Part of it, the Trial by the feodal Peers. And in every Country on the Continent, as the Trial by the Peers has been gradually diſuſed, ſo the Nobles have increaſed in Power, till the State has been torn to Pieces by rival Factions, and Oligarchy in Effect has been eſtabliſhed, though under the Shadow of regal Government; unleſs where the miſerable Commons have taken Shelter under abſolute Monarchy, as the lighter Evil of the two. And, particularly, it is a Circumſtance well worthy an Engliſhman's Obſervation, that in Sweden the Trial by Jury, that Bulwark of Northern Liberty, which continued in its full Vigour ſo lately as the Middle of laſt Century,* (b) *is now fallen into Diſuſe;* (c) *and that there, though the regal Power is in no Country ſo cloſely limited, yet the Liberties of the Commons are extinguiſhed, and the Government is degenerated into a mere Ariſtocracy.* (d) *It is therefore, upon the whole, a Duty which every Man owes to his Country, his Friends, his Poſterity, and himſelf, to maintain to the utmoſt of his Power this valuable Conſtitution in all its Rights; to reſtore it to its antient Dignity, if at all impaired by the different Value of Property, or otherwiſe deviated from its firſt Inſtitution; to amend it, wherever it is defective; and, above all, to guard with the moſt jealous Circumſpection againſt the Introduction of new and arbitrary Methods of Trial, which, under a Variety of plauſible Pretences, may in Time imperceptibly undermine this beſt Preſervative of Engliſh Liberty.*"
BLACKSTONE's COM. 3d Vol. P. 378---381.

¶ "*Upon the Whole, I will beg Leave to tell the Houſes what is really my Opinion; it is, that the Stamp-Act be repealed, abſolutely, totally, and immediately; that the Reaſon for the Repeal be aſſigned,* becauſe it was founded on an ERRONEOUS PRINCIPLE."
*Mr.* PITT's *Speech.*

(a) Monteſq. Sp. L. xi. 6. (b) Whitelocke of Parl. 427.
(c) Mod. Un. Hiſt. xxxiii. 22. (d) Ibid, 17.

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*By Captain* RUSSELL, *in* 28 *Days from Cork; and Captain* DURELL, *in* 30 *Days from Pool, arrived at New-York, we have the following Intelligence, viz.*

VIENNA, March 31.

*ALL the accounts from the Ottoman empire mention the vaſt preparations making by the Turks to continue the war againſt Ruſſia with vigour. The grand vizir's army is preparing to approach the Danube, to ſupport ſeveral detatchments which are to croſs that river, to intercept all the ſupplies of proviſions, which the Ruſſians expect to receive by water, by cutting off all communication with their fleet.*

Leghorn, March 23. *According to authentic advices from the iſle of Paros, the Ruſſian Commander there has received particular orders from Peterſburgh, to ſail immediately with the whole fleet towards the Dardenelles, ſo that the enemy may be attacked by ſea and land, with the greateſt vigour, at one time.*

Warſaw, April 2. *They write from Peterſburgh, that General Bibicow has ſent intelligence to their Court, that he has received a meſſenger from Pugaſchew, the Chief of the rebels, by whom he offered to deliver up himſelf and all his troops, conſiſting of near* 70,000 *men, provided the Empreſs of Ruſſia would give over the governing authority to her ſon, the Grand Duke, who is the lawful ſucceſſor, and which is only his intention by all his motions; but that as long as ſhe remains wrongfully upon the Ruſſian throne, he is determined to fight as long as poſſible, and hopes that the true patriots will ſupport him in this juſt and laudable cauſe.*

LONDON.

*Authentic* PROCEEDINGS *of the* BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

*April* 18. Mr. Roſe Fuller made a motion, That a Committee be appointed to enquire into the duty on tea imported into America, in order to ſee whether a repeal of that act will not be neceſſary, before the ſecond Boſton bill paſſes.--He prefaced his motion with a long ſpeech in favour of repealing the act.

He was anſwered by Mr. C---wall, who ſpoke a conſiderable time againſt the motion.

The other ſpeakers were, Lord B----champ, Lord N--th, Col. B--re, Mr. E. B--ke, S-----r G-----l, Mr. C. F-x, Mr. D-----well, &c.

The chief arguments uſed in favour of the motion were, that a repeal of the tea duty would quiet all the diſturbances in America.

The arguments on the other ſide were, that it was not proper time now, neither did they think that the repeal of the tax would anſwer the end propoſed.

After a warm debate, the Houſe divided between eleven and twelve o'clock, when the numbers were 49 for the motion, 182 againſt it.

The gallery doors, both at top and bottom, were locked all day, and no ſtranger admitted.

*April* 21. Lord North preſented to the Speaker ſeveral extracts of letters, and the third Boſton Bill, "for the impartial adminiſtration of juſtice, in the caſes of perſons queſtioned for any acts done by them in the execution of the law, or for the ſuppreſſion of riots and tumults, in the province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay." The bill was read a firſt time; upon which Mr. Sawbridge aroſe, and obſerved, that it breathed nothing but a ſpirit of deſpotiſm throughout; that it was but a part of that tyrannic ſyſtem which accompanied the whole of our conduct towards the Americans; that they deſerved every act of injuſtice Adminiſtration had hitherto deviſed to inflict on them, if they were ſuch *creatures*, ſuch *mean*, *abject wretches*, ſuch *tame*, *willing ſlaves*, to ſubmit to the preſent bill; that the propoſed mode of trial was the moſt extraordinary that was ever heard of; for who were the perſons who could be prevailed on to come to England, to give evidence of a fact which was committed at Boſton; and ſure to force them to make ſuch a voyage, would be cruelty in the extreme.

Lord North ſaid, that the propoſed bill was meant no other than as a temporary one, to be ſolely dependant on its operation on the eventual conduct of the Boſtonians; for he wiſhed and hoped, there would be no occaſion for enforcing it; that though it was aſſerted, with ſome degree of confidence, that there were letters received from Boſton, of good credit, which ſaid that the town was ready to make reparation to the Eaſt-India Company for the loſſes they had ſuſtained; he was ſorry to inform the Houſe, that there was authentic information received yeſterday, that on the laſt day of February, or a day or two in the month of March, the Fortune had arrived in the port of Boſton with tea on board, and that the mob had aſſembled in a tumultuous manner, gone aboard this ſhip, and deſtroyed the cargo.

Lord Beauchamp ſaid, that without ſome ſuch law as the preſent, the ſoldiery would be rendered entirely uſeleſs, and their ſituation muſt be terrible indeed; if they refuſed to perform their duty or obey their ſuperiors on one hand, or execute them on the other, they would be in all probability, equally liable to ſuffer.

Previous to the queſtion being delivered to the Chairman, Lord North explained the intentions of the bill, traced its ſeveral out-

lines, and obviated many of the probable objections that might be made to it; ſaid, in particular, that he propoſed that offenders ſhould be removed for trial to other colonies, or, if Government thought that juſtice could not be had there, that in that caſe, they ſhould be brought to Great-Britain, the expence to be paid by the publick. He informed the committee, that it was intended to ſend four regiments of foot to Boſton; that general Gage was to be inveſted with the civil and military command of the province; and, in conformity to this arrangement, Governor Hutchinſon had already taken his paſſage for Euro[illegible].

Col. Barre ſpoke very ſtrongly againſt the motion, condemning it with all imaginable freedom, ſpirit and ability. He ſaid he well knew the temper of the people there; that they would not be drove, but might be eaſily led; that they were tenacious of their liberties, would not be dragooned out of them, and ſcorned to be ſlaves; that if the General muſt go, he ſhould carry the ſword in one hand, and the olive-branch in the other; but for his part, he thought it extremely improper to remove the preſent Governor, who, in his opinion, was a very capable and experienced man.

Mr. Solicitor General obſerved, that the objection raiſed to the mode of Trial would come to nothing, when properly conſidered; that it was an eſtabliſhed ancient mode of proceeding, well warranted in reaſon, policy and juſtice; that in a recent inſtance, the caſe of the Suſſex ſmugglers, it had been found neceſſary; and that their crimes and that of the Boſtonians were in a great meaſure ſimilar.

Captain Phipps expaciated largely on the merits of Gen. Gage. He urged many powerful reaſons againſt bringing the offenders to be tried in Great-Britain; dealt pretty freely with the character of Governor Hutchinſon, as a governor, a politician, and a man; and ſaid, the public were very little indebted to him at either ſide of the Atlancic.

Mr. T. Townſhend agreed with Captain Phipps in all he advanced, except relative to the perſonal character of Governor Hutchinſon, on whom he beſtowed very high encomiums.

Mr. Dowdeſwell contended warmly againſt the motion, and took it in ſeveral lights, with great ability, and evinced, if words could evince, its pernicious tendency. He, by no means thought with the Captain, relative to either the integrity or abilities of Hutchinſon. He meant not, he ſaid, to reflect on Gen. Gage, whom he looked upon to be an experienced officer; but ſince he was to go, he wiſhed he had been ſent with the fleet, not before it.

Hon. Mr. Montague was violent in favour of the bill, and was by no means ſparing of ſimilies, ſuited to an univerſity education, but whether on the banks of the Cam, the Iſis, or the neighbourhood of Leith, we will not pretend to determine.

General Conway was not totally againſt the bill, but wiſhed that tender conciliating meaſures might be adopted, and ſaid, that although the noble Lord had given notice of his intentions, he was ſtill far from being ſufficiently prepared to decide with certainty upon a queſtion of ſo much delicacy, and ſo great a magnitude, and concluded by hoping that further time might be given.

Mr. Van contended, that to adopt lenient meaſures would be the ſummit of folly, if not puſillanimity: That the inhabitants of Boſton were in a ſtate of actual rebellion, and deſerved puniſhments ſuited to the enormity of their crimes.

The bill is to be read a ſecond time on Monday next, and to be printed for the uſe of the Members.

At four o'clock the order for the ſecond reading of the bill for regulating the government of Maſſachuſett's Bay came on, which produced a warm debate that continued till almoſt ſeven o'clock; when a motion being made for committing the ſaid bill, it paſſed in the affirmative without a diviſion.

## L O N D O N.

*April* 14. A letter from Peterſburgh, dated March 19, mentions, that the court had juſt received intelligence from General Bibicow, of another victory gained by his troops, over a band of rebels, conſiſting of near 8000, near the city of Kliliow; that 600 were killed, and 300 taken priſoners, among whom is one of their chiefs. The reſt were ſcattered and wounded.

There is a report that parliament will not be prorogued this year, but be kept ſitting, during the ſummer, by adjournment, from an apprehenſion that the affairs of Europe, or America, or both, may require their ſudden interpoſition and aſſiſtance.

Yeſterday, about three o'clock, an expreſs arrived at the Secretary of State's office, in Cleveland-row, from North America, which was ſent to his Majeſty at St. James's.

The true reaſon of ſending ſo many forces from hence, and from Ireland, to Boſton, is becauſe it is thought improper to draw the forces from other parts of America, as was at firſt intended.

General Gage is inveſted with full power to appoint all officers to the ſtate, therefore the Aſſemblies of the people of the province will be uſeleſs; if this ſyſtem is ſuffered, they conſent to the arbitrary doctrine of deſpotic tyranny.

A letter from Newport, Rhode-Iſland, dated March 12, ſays, "By an Expreſs from Philadelphia and New-York laſt night, we are informed that they are come to a reſolution to take the Poſt Office out of the hands of Government, and to appoint new regulations themſelves; it will doubtleſs be univerſally adopted over all America, and I think it is probable they will ſoon take the Cuſtom-houſe into their own poſſeſſion, and ſhip home the Commiſſioners."

We are informed that the teas exported to America the year before the duty took place, amounted in value to 132,000l. but that in 1769, the firſt year the law took effect, the export decreaſed 88,000l. which was in the exact proportion of two thirds, the amount of the teas ſent to America that year being no more than 44,000l.

All the marching regiments of foot are now recruiting with the utmoſt diligence, to complete their reſpective corps without delay.

The bill to alter the conſtitution of the province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, is in ſubſtance, viz. The Council to be choſen no longer by the Houſe of Repreſentatives, as the charter directs, *but by the King* in his Privy Council, and to ſubſiſt *during his Majeſty's pleaſure*. The Judges, Sheriffs, and Magiſtrates, to be choſen by the Governor and Council, with a power to the Governor to remove them without the advice of his Council. The manner of chuſing the Juries is altered, and no Town Meeting to be held but the annual one.

Lord Chatham's ideas are, that as the people of America are not repreſented here, there is no foundation to tax them; but that from neceſſity, we muſt regulate and direct the ſyſtem of commerce.---The people of America think ſo too.

The budget is intended to be opened on Wedneſday, the 27th inſtant. The Surplus of the ſinking Fund amounts to 2,400,000l. and 1,500,000l. at 3 per cent. conſolidated annuities are propoſed to be paid off, with a lottery, on a new plan.

Laſt Thurſday arrived at Plymouth 8 tranſports, which are to take on board for Ireland the 20th and 23d regiments of foot.

They write from Amſterdam, that the Directors of the Dutch Eaſt-India Company have juſt received the diſagreeable news of their return-ſhips from Batavia being loſt, and that ſeveral had run on ſhore, in a violent ſtorm which happened in October laſt; by which the Company has ſuſtained a very conſiderable loſs.

*A committee of the Lords is appointed to examine all the American papers, and to make a report of the progreſs of Rebellion in America, ſince the year* 1766. *The Earls of Sandwich and Buckinghamſhire are the leading Lords in this commiſſion.*

*Governor Hutchinſon, we hear, has already been acquainted, that he muſt prepare himſelf for a parliamentary inquiry as ſoon as he arrives in this kingdom.*

## B O S T O N, May 19.

On Tueſday the 17th his Excellency General Gage, landed at the long Wharff, where ſeveral of his Majeſty's Council, of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, and many of the principal Gentlemen of the Town, together with the Cadet Company under Arms, waited his Arrival, and eſcorted him to the Council Chamber. The Troop of Horſe, the Company of Artillery, the Company of Grenadiers, and the ſeveral Companies of Militia under Arms, ſaluted him as he paſſed. His Commiſſion was read, and after the uſual Ceremonies he was ſworn in Governor and Vice Admiral of the Province. His Proclamation for continuing all Officers, &c. in their Places till further Orders, was then read by the High Sheriff, which was anſwered by 3 Huzza's, firing the Cannon from the Battery and Artillery Company, and 3 Vollies of Small Arms. After receiving the Complements, &c. and reviewing the Militia, he was eſcorted to Faneuil-Hall, where an elegant Entertainment was provided at the Expence of the Province. After Dinner, and drinking ſeveral loyal Toaſts, his Excellency went to the Province Houſe, where we hear he is to reſide---a few Days at leaſt.

On Wedneſday laſt the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of this Town met again at Faneuil-hall, by Adjournment; and the Committee which had been appointed to receive and conſider of Propoſals for the Support and Employment of ſuch as will be Sufferers by the Operation of the *cruel* Edict of the Britiſh Parliament, reported, that ſeveral judicious Propoſals had been made, and that they conceived that Ways and Means would be found for the Relief of ſuch Inhabitants in the Time of Diſtreſs. They recommended to their Fellow-citizens, Patience, Fortitude, and a firm Truſt in GOD, and deſired further Time to agree upon a Report.---The Meeting was therefore adjourned to Monday, the 31ſt Inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon; by which Time it is expected we ſhall have encouraging News from ſome of the Siſter Colonies.

Previous to the Adjournment the Town thought it their Duty to paſs the following VOTES, viz.

1ſt. That the Trade of the Town of Boſton has been one eſſential Link in that vaſt Chain of Commerce, which, in the Courſe of a few Ages, has raiſed New-England to be what it is, the Southern Provinces to be what they are, the Weſt-India Iſlands to their Wealth, and, in one Word, the Britiſh Empire to that Heighth of Opulence, Power, Pride and Splendor, at which it now ſtands.

2dly. That the Impolicy, Injuſtice, Inhumanity and Cruelty of the Act aforeſaid, exceed all our Powers of Expreſſion. We therefore leave it to the juſt Cenſure of *others*, and appeal to GOD and the World.

A Correſpondent from Cumberland in Nova-Scotia, informs us, that it was reported there, "that the Tea-ſhip from London, bound to Halifax, was loſt on the Iſle of Sables, and every Soul on board periſhed." This may probably be the Ship Adamant, Capt. --------, in the Trade between London and Halifax, which has been ſome Time miſſing.

## N E W-Y O R K, *May* 30.

Many News-Papers and private Letters having ſuggeſted that a new Governor was appointed for a neighbouring Province, we can aſſure our Readers, from the moſt reſpectable Authority in England, that there is no Sort of Truth in the Report.

The late Governor Hutchinſon, with his ſecond Son and two Daughters, were to ſail from Boſton for London laſt Friday, in the Ship Minerva, Captain Callahan.

## A N N A P O L I S, May 26.

*At a Meeting of the Inhabitants of the City of Annapolis, on Wedneſday, the 25th Day of May,* 1774, *after Notice given of the Time, Place and Occaſion of this Meeting;*

RESOLVED, That it is the unanimous Opinion of this Meeting, that the Town of Boſton is now ſuffering in the common Cauſe of America, and that it is incumbent on every Colony in America, to unite in effectual Means to obtain a Repeal of the late Act of Parliament for blocking up the Harbour of Boſton.

That it is the Opinion of this Meeting, that if the Colonies come into a joint Reſolution to ſtop all Importations from, and Exportations to, Great-Britain, till the ſaid Act be repealed, the ſame will preſerve North-America and her Liberties.

RESOLVED therefore, that the Inhabitants of this City will join in an Aſſociation with the ſeveral Counties of this Province, and the principal Colonies of America, to put an immediate Stop to all Exports to Great-Britain, and that, after a ſhort Day hereafter to be agreed on, there be no Imports from Great-Britain till the ſaid Act be repealed, and that ſuch Aſſociation be on Oath.

That it is the Opinion of this Meeting, that the Gentlemen of the Law, of this Province, bring no Suit for the Recovery of any Debt due from any Inhabitant of this Province to any Innabitant of Great-Britain, until the ſaid Act be repealed.

That the Inhabitants of this City will, and it is the Opinion of this Meeting, that this Province ought immediately to break off all Trade and Dealings with that Colony or Province which ſhall refuſe or decline to come into ſimilar Reſolutions with a Majority of the Colonies.

That Meſſieurs John Hall, Charles Carroll, Thomas Johnſon, junior, William Paca, Matthias Hammond, and Samuel Chaſe, be a Committee for this City, to join with thoſe who ſhall be appointed for Baltimore-Town, and other Parts of this Province, to conſtitute one General Committee, and that the Gentlemen appointed for this City immediately correſpond with Baltimore-Town, and other Parts of this Province, to effect ſuch Aſſociation as will beſt ſecure American Liberty.

## P H I L A D E L P H I A, *June* 1.

This being the *Firſt* Day of *June*, when the Inhabitants of the Town of *Boſton*, our Brethren and Fellow-Subjects, ſuffering in the common Cauſe of Liberty, are to have their Port and Harbour ſhut up---and to be excluded from all commercial Intercourſe, except an Allowance of Wood and Proviſions, juſt neceſſary to keep them from periſhing with Want and Cold, in Conſequence of an Act of Parliament lately paſſed for that Purpoſe; many of the Inhabitants of this City, of moſt Denominations, propoſe to expreſs their Sympathy and Concern for their diſtreſſed Brethren, by ſuſpending Buſineſs on THIS DAY, and will be glad of the Concurrence of ſuch of their Fellow-Citizens as approve of the Meaſure.

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman near Glaſgow, to his Friend in this City, March* 14, 1774.

"The Diſtreſs of the common People here is deeper and more general than you can imagine. There is an almoſt total Stagnation in our Manufactures, and Grain is dear; many Hundreds of Labourers and Mechanics, eſpecially Weavers, in this Neighbourhood, have lately indented and gone to America, to be employed in the Work of that Country for full four Years. If any of your Colonies deſire to ſet up Manufactures of Linen, of Stamping, &c. they have now an Opportunity as favourable as they could wiſh for; they may immediately get from this Country Plenty of Workmen, as well ſkilled in theſe Manufactures as any they will leave behind. But I hear it is affirmed by many, that poor People in general are like to be as unhappy in America as at Home."

*Hartford, in Connecticut; Portſmouth, in New-Hampſhire; and Newport, Providence and Weſterly, in Rhode-Iſland Government, have had Town-Meetings, and have agreed to unite with the other Provinces, in all reaſonable and proper Meaſures, to procure the Eſtabliſhment of the Rights of the Colonies upon a juſt and permanent Foundation.*

On Thurſday laſt was married, EDWARD TILGHMAN, Eſq; of this City, to Miſs CHEW, Daughter of the Honourable BENJAMIN CHEW, Eſq; alſo of this City.

On the 23d inſt. died at Wilmington, in New-caſtle County, in the 65th Year of his Age, after a ſhort Illneſs of ten Days, EDWARD DAWES, Eſq; a Gentleman who ſupported a fair Character, and filled the Office of Burgeſs for a Number of Years, with Reputation.---And on the 24th his Remains were decently interred in the Friends Burying-ground, attended by the principal Part of the moſt reſpectable Inhabitants.

On Saturday, the 21ſt of laſt Month, departed this Life, in the 46th Year of his Age, the Rev. Mr. JOHN STRAIN, Paſtor of the Preſbyterian Churches of Slate Ridge and Chanceford; of whom it may truly be ſaid, he was a Man of God, and that, in exemplary Piety, unaffected Humility, ſteady Friendſhip, a cloſe Walk with God, Energy and a Power for ſublime Deſcription, there were few of the preſent Day equal to him---An extenſive Acquaintance with the liberal Arts and Sciences, and a critical Knowledge of the Doctrines of Religion and caſuiſtic Divinity, added to his other Qualifications, and joined with a happy Strength of Genius, and peculiar Zeal and Diligence, in the Execution of his miniſterial Office, rendered him a Workman that needed not to be aſhamed.---To ſpend and be ſpent in the Cauſe of his dear Redeemer, and for the Salvation of immortal Souls, was his Meat and Drink; and his Labours were crowned with remarkable Succeſs.---In a Word, in him was exhibited to View a living Picture of primitive Chriſtianity in its genuine Simplicity, Dignity and ſpiritual Glory.---As he lived, ſo he died, rejoicing in a full Faith of that glorious Goſpel of Jeſus, he had preached to others---And his laſt Words, as an Anticipation of the Hallelujahs of Heaven, were, to a Friend that ſat by him, inviting "to praiſe the Lord for his Goodneſs." His Remains were interred on the Monday following, at Slate Ridge, attended by a numerous Concourſe of People, of various Denominations. "*Your Fathers, where are they? ---and the Prophets, do they live for ever?*"

*To the* PRINTERS *of the* PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

OBSERVING in the *Pennſylvania Packet* of this Day, a Notification, "that a Number of Perſons, compoſed of the "Members of all Societies in this City, met, and unanimouſly "agreed, that it would be proper to expreſs their Sympathy for "their Brethren at Boſton, by ſuſpending all Buſineſs on the firſt "Day of the next Month."----The People called *Quakers*, tho' tenderly ſympathizing with the Diſtreſſed, and juſtly ſenſible of the Value of our Religious and Civil Rights, and that it is our Duty to aſſert them in a Chriſtian Spirit, yet in order to obviate any Miſapprehenſions which may ariſe concerning us, think it neceſſary to declare, that no Perſon or Perſons were authorized to repreſent us on this Occaſion, and if any of our Community have countenanced or encouraged this Propoſal, they have manifeſted great Inattention to our religious Principles and Profeſſion, and acted contrary to the Rules of Chriſtian Diſcipline eſtabliſhed for the Preſervation of Order and good Government among us.

*Signed, on Behalf and at the Deſire of the Elders and Overſeers of the ſeveral Meetings of our Religious Society in* Philadelphia, *and other Friends met on the Occaſion, the* 30th *of the Fifth Month,* 1774.

JOHN REYNELL,
JAMES PEMBERTON,
SAMUEL NOBLE.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Swift, S. Daviſon, Brig Cornelia, J. Foſter, and Schooner Charlotte, P. Parker, from Hiſpaniola. Snow John and William, W. Pillow, Montſerrat. Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades. Schooner Croſby, J. Bryan, Anguilla. Schooner Elizabeth, S. Glover, Antigua. Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, Brig Dolphin, J. Hunn, and Ship Lovely Laſs, A. Waid, Jamaica. Ship Cheſter, D. Campbell, and Sloop Jenny, J. Foſter, St. Euſtatia. Brig Ann, S. Smith, St. Kitts, Sloop Betſey and Ann, P. Lightburn, Tobago. Ship Dianna, J. Denniſton, Glaſgow. Brig Mercury, J. Trimmingham, Turks-Iſland. Sloop Triſtram, J. Robinſon, and Sloop Free Maſon, J. Proby, N. Carolina. Schooner Sally, J. Alligood, Sloop Robert, C. Metcalf, and Sloop Peggy, J. Watſon, Virginia. Brig Neptune, J. Butcher, New-York. Sloop Betſey, E. Chappel, New-London. Schooner John, B. Butterfield, New-Providence. Brig Jerſey Packet, T. Daviſon, Miſſiſippi. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Sloop Potowmac, G. Rowe, Maryland.

OUTWARDS. Brig Mary, J. Taylor, for Newfoundland. Ship Ann, G. Fortin, Briſtol. Brig Dolphin, R. Walker, Falmouth. Ship Charming Nancy, R. Tyrie, Alexandria. Brig Lovely Laſs, J. Peter, and Brig Betſey, S. Savadge, Jamaica. Schooner Induſtry, T. Seal, Caſco-Bay. Sloop Experiment, S. Freeman, and Sloop Polly, W. Shines, N. Carolina. Sloop Hope, N. Vallence, Eſequibo. Schooner Tryal, D. Harrow, St. Kitts. Brig Neptune, J. Butcher, N. Carolina.

CLEARED. Brig Nancy, J. Taylor, Snow St. Charles, A. Ruſſel, and Sloop Friendſhip, V. Clarke, Barbados. Brig Polly, G. Hurſt, Madeira. Sloop Philadelphia Packet, M. Rowan, and Sloop Triſtram, J. Robinſon, N. Carolina. Ship Hetty, E. Davis, Corunna. Schooner Sally, J. White, Currituck. Brig Princeſs of Orange, H. Norris, Ship King of Portugal, G. Lewes, and Brig Elizabeth, W. Button, Liſbon. Brig Diana, J. Denniſton, New-York. Sloop Sally, W. Martin, Florida. Sloop Robert, C. Metcalf, Sloop Peggy, J. Watſon, and Schooner Sally, J. Alligood, Virginia. Sloop Betſey, E. Chappell, N. London. Sloop Nelly, J. Scott, Dominica. Brig Polly's Deſire, J. Clarke, Grenades, Schooner Elizabeth, S. Glover, Antigua.

A NEGROE WOMAN, to be hired into the Country for a few Years; ſhe is about 20 Years of Age, and has been uſed to Country Buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

TWO Pieces of beſt white SATTINS; black, buff, and white Silk Breeches Patterns; white Silk Serge, for Linings of Gentlemens Summer Clothes; embroidered, ſpangled, Baſket, and Death Head Buttons; black, buff, and drab coloured Worſted Breeches Pieces; very fine white Ruſſia Drillings; together with a genteel Aſſortment of ſuperfine Cloths and Trimmings, imported this Spring, by

PETER STRETCH,

Are to be ſold, at his Store, on the North Side of Walnut-ſtreet, a few Doors below Second-ſtreet, directly oppoſite the Prothonotary's Office, in any Quantity from a Piece to a Yard.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Monday, the 6th day of June inſtant, at the houſe of Michael Crollin, in Upper-Salford townſhip, at three o'clock in the afternoon, a certain tract or piece of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Frederick, containing 101 acres and 80 perches; bounded by lands of William Boyer, John Kreider, and Perkiomen creek; late the eſtate of Detrick Welker; ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM DEWEES, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold, by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 7th day of June inſtant, at the houſe of Joſeph Price, at the Sign of the Pennſylvania Farmer, at three o'clock in the afternoon, three certain meſſuages or tenements, and lots or pieces of ground thereunto belonging, being a corner of Vernon and Shippen-ſtreets, in the Diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth on Vernon-ſtreet aforeſaid 61 feet, and in breadth on Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid 16 feet, more or leſs; which premiſes have the previlege of a certain pump and well of water contiguous thereto; ſubject to a ground-rent of Five Pounds ſterling; late the eſtate of John Tolbert and Jane his wife; ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM DEWEES, Sheriff.

STRAYED or STOLEN, laſt Monday was a week, from the City Tavern, a large thick headed Spaniſh Pointer DOG, with dark liver-coloured ears, two large ſpots of the ſame colour on his back, and one at the ſetting of his tail; he was broke by the ear, and has been very tender of it ever ſince, and always carries his head lower on that ſide. Whoever brings the ſaid DOG to the above place, ſhall receive *Twenty Shillings* reward, and all reaſonable charges, and if ſtolen, *Three Pounds*, for apprehending the thief. *May* 30, 1774. §

*Philadelphia, May* 30, 1774.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, two Dutch ſervants, the one a luſty woman, named *Joanna Vanderſteen*, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, has a ſour down look, the middle finger of her right hand has the end maſhed off; had on, when ſhe went away, an India calicoe gown, blue and white ſtriped lincey petticoat, black Perſian bonnet and good ſhoes; ſhe took with her two ſtriped ſhort gowns, two white aprons, and other clothes that cannot be deſcribed; ſhe has a conſtant bad cough attends her. The other a lad, named *John Valentine Kimberger*, between 18 and 19 years of age, a clever ſmart looking boy, has light brown coloured hair, is a little pitted with the ſmall-pox, and when ſpoke to pretty quick ſeems to be frightened; had on a ſmall wool hat, with a button, a light coloured fuſtian frock coat, a brown cotton velvet jacket, coarſe white ſhirt and trowſers, and good new ſhoes; took with him a pair of light coloured knit breeches, a good white ſhirt, and ſeveral coarſe old ones, and a dimity jacket. Neither of the above ſervants ſpeak good Engliſh. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by DAVIS BEVAN.

**** Some Advertiſements omitted this Week for Want of Room, ſhall be inſerted in our next.*

*Fifth-Month* 24, 1774.

*To be* SOLD *on reasonable Terms,*

A VALUABLE plantation, containing 166 acres, lying in a healthy part of the country, and pleasantly situated, with a log dwelling-house, barn, stable, cow-house and other out-houses, and several lasting springs of good water, a bearing orchard, 10 acres of good meadow, and more may be made; said tract joins Thomas West, Samuel Blaker, and William Corbut's lands, lying in Warwick township, Bucks county; and joins on the old York road, about 22 miles from Philadelphia. Any one purchasing in season, may have the fallow, and possession the first of Ninth-Month, and also know the terms, by enquiring of WILLIAM HESTON, now on the premises. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away the 20th of May, from the subscriber, living in New-Britain township, Bucks county, an English servant lad, named *William Bolton*, between 15 and 16 years of age, about 5 feet high, of a fair complexion, and fair hair; had on a felt hat, with a hole in the crown, a lincey upper jacket, of a light colour, and a flannel one under it, wore and tore on the breast, tow shirt and tow trowsers, new shoes, with carved brass buckles; he came from London. Whoever takes up the said servant lad, and secures him, so that this master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by DAVID CALDWELL.

*** *All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off.* ‡

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away on the first of May last, from the subscriber, living in Moun joy township, Lancaster county, a native Irish servant lad, named *John Condon*, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, fair complexion, light coloured hair, which he wears curled, fresh coloured, very near sighted, and a very down look; had on, and took with him, a small wool hat, a blue stuff coat, with lining of the same colour, a short green jacket, two tow shirts, a pair of superfine mixed broadcloth breeches, blue yarn stockings, half-worn shoes, tied with thongs; it is probable he may have more clothes with him, and perhaps he may change his name. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by THOMAS BOAL. ¶

*NOTICE is hereby given, That on the 26th day of April last, was committed to the goal of Burlington, a certain Frenchman, who acknowledges himself to be a servant to one GEORGE EDLEMAN, at or near Bethlehem, in Pennsylvania; said servant, has his part of the Indentures with him, and says his name is JOHN DEADMAN; by the date of said Indenture, he has two years and three months yet to serve; his Master is hereby desired to come or send immediately, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold out for his charges,* EPHRAIM PHILLIPS, *Goaler.* ¶

*Lancaster Goal, May* 22, 1774.

THIS day was committed to my custody, a certain woman, named ANNA CARRELL; she is about 16 years of age, about 4 feet 9 or 10 inches high, black bushy hair, a white handkerchief; she says she belongs to one Samuel Williams, living in Fourth-street, Philadelphia. Her master is desired to come, pay charges, and take her away, in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwise she will be discharged for paying her fees, by GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler. ¶

*Trenton, May* 22, 1774.

ON the 23d of April last was committed to my custody, a certain *James Davenport*, Schoolmaster, who says he belongs to John Feree, Esq; High Sheriff of Lancaster county. His said master is desired to come and take him out, in three weeks from the date of this advertisement, otherwise he will be discharged, upon paying his fees. JAMES STOUT, Goaler. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A HEALTHY NEGROE GIRL, about 17 Years of Age, has had the Small-pox and Measles, can do all Sorts of House-work, and would suit the Country, to which she has no Objection. Her Character will be honestly told. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there have been two stray two year old creatures at the subscriber's place, for near a twelvemonth past, one a steer, with a slit in the right ear, and a half penny out of the left, a swallow tail, is of redish colour, with a white head; the other a dark brindled heifer, with a small star. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take them away. CONRAD SHIFFER, living near Freidensthal-mill, Northampton County. ¶

THIS is to give notice, that a stray HEIFER came to my plantation last summer, and is still there; she is of a white colour, with little red spots intermixed, is near two years old, has no ear-mark. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay reasonable charges, and take her away, from me BENJAMIN WARD, living in Plainfield township, about 2½ miles from Friedensthal mill. ¶

*Fourth-Month* 18, 1774.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in London-grove township, Chester county, a sorrel MARE, supposed to be four years old. The Owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. HENRY HARLAN. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Upper-Merion township, Philadelphia county, the 26th day of May last, a black HORSE, about 14 hands high, paces and trots, his back much hurt with the saddle, has neither brand nor ear-mark. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

† EZEKIEL RAMBO.

STRAYED or STOLEN, the first of May, 1774, from the subscriber, living at Christiana Bridge, a young black MARE, four years old, near 15 hands high, hollow faced, with a small star, a hanging mane to the right side, short tail, low in flesh, the hair rubbed off her shoulder in two places with the saddle, the under part of the hair of her foretop cut short, trimmed under the bridle, old shoes on her fore feet, natural pacer, but trots mostly when out of hand. Whoever takes up the said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall have SIX DOLLARS reward, paid by ¶ JOHN READ.

STOLEN, or taken out of the pasture of Edward Lane, living at Perkiomen Creek, near the Trap, a GELDING, about 14½ hands high, of a dirty black colour, a natural pacer, can trot a little, shod before, branded on the near buttock E. L. is used more to work than to ride of late. Whoever takes up the said horse and thief, so that the thief may be brought to justice, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horse, if got above ten miles from home, paid by

*May* 25, 1774. EDWARD LANE. §

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber's pasture, in the Borough of Lancaster, on Monday, the second day of May, 1774, a sorrel MARE, with a whitish mane and tail, and a small star on her forehead, between 12 and 14 years old, branded on the near buttock with a W. or M. shod before, about 14 hands high, or between 13 and 14, and a little hollow backed. Whoever takes up the said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall have THREE DOLLARS reward, with reasonable charges; and if she should be stolen, and the thief apprehended, so that he may be brought to justice, FORTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN STONE. §

WERE taken up by the Subscriber, on the 25th of May, Three horned CATTLE, a young Bull, and two Heifers. The Owner, proving his Property and paying Charges, may have them again, by applying to JOHN HEWSON, Calicoe Printer, at Kensington. ¶

WHEREAS my wife ELIZABETH doth not chuse to live with me, and has left me, without my giving her any offence; I therefore desire and forewarn the public, not to trust her on my account, for I will not pay any debts by her contracted from the date hereof; but if she will return and live with me as she ought to do, I will chearfully receive her, and do all in my power to make her happy. Witness my hand, at Philadelphia, the 23d day of May, 1774.

¶ GODLIEB ZEYHER.

Easton, May 30, 1774.

*BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed will be sold, at Easton, on Wednesday, the 22d day of June next, a certain plantation and tract of land, situated in Chestnut-hill township, over the Blue Mountains, adjoining the lands of Richard Peters, Esq; Peter Hoorsmith and Peter Debaven, being about 18 miles from Easton, containing about 478 acres, whereof 45 acres are clear, partly meadow, whereon there is a good dwelling-house, and good out-houses, and whereon is erected a new-saw-mill on a good stream of water; there can be several acres of meadow made with little expence; the said tract has plenty of timber, so that it might be divided in three farms; late the property of Peregrine Jones; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by* HENRY FULLERT, *Sheriff.* ¶

SAMUEL SCOTTEN,

PAINTER, GILDER, and GLAIZER,

BEGS Leave to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken a Shop in Water-street, four Doors above Market-street, where he carries on his Trade in all its various Branches, in the neatest Manner. Those who choose to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being punctually served, on the shortest Notice. Orders may be left at AARON HEWES's, the Bank Side of Front-street, four Doors above Market-street. ¶ 6 *W.*

To be SOLD, by the subscriber, living in Front-street, near Almond-street, Southwark,

A VALUABLE LOT of GROUND, lying on the west side of Fifth-street, between Market and Arch-streets, being a high and level spot, containing in breadth on Fifth-street 20 feet, and in depth 100 feet. WILLIAM OGDEN. ¶

*Port-Royal Town, Lancaster County, May* 16, 1774.

THE Owners of LOTS in this Town are requested to meet the Proprietors, at the House of Adam Ricart, in in the Borough of Lancaster, on the 14th and 15th Days of June next; at John Jones's Tavern, in Carnarvon Township, on the 17th and 18th; at Reading, the 20th and 21st, and at Port-Royal the 23d, 24th and 25th. At which Times and Places the said Proprietors will attend, in order to grant Deeds for the Lots to the several Adventurers, where it is expected none will fail attending, in order to secure their Titles. The Trade to this Place from the back Country increases daily, and there is the highest Reason to believe that it will soon become a Place of very considerable Importance; Nature seems to have particularly pointed out this Place, as the best and most convenient Situation for Trade with the back Country, for many Hundred Miles up the Susquehanna River, and its various Branches. ¶

THREE DOLLARS Reward.

WHEREAS the Overseers of the Poor of Blockley, in the county of Philadelphia, hath, by order of the Court of Quarter Sessions, held on the 9th of March, bound a certain OWEN OGUBIN to me the subscriber, and the said OWEN hath, by some evil minded person or persons, been secreted; and the subscriber is informed his usual residence hath been with a certain Hance, alias John Butcher, who will give no account of him, only that he delivered him to one Evan Davis, who he said was his master. Whoever will deliver me the boy, and inform me where he was concealed, shall have the above reward. JAMES WORSTALL.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are hereby desired not to harbour or conceal the said apprentice, as they will answer the same at their peril. *May* 10, 1774. ¶

THIS is to give Notice to the PUBLIC, that OWEN OGUBIN is my Property, until he is 21 Years of Age; and all Persons that have any Thing to say in the Affair, let them apply to me EVAN DAVIS, living in Blockley Township, and County of Philadelphia. *May* 23, 1774. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on Wednesday, the first Day of June next, at the Coffee-house,

A HOUSE and LOT, in Jones's Alley, next Door above Mr. Emlen's Store; it is 19 Feet front, and 60 Feet deep. A good Title will be made, by THOMAS LAMBERT BYLES. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Creditors of JOSEPH RICHARDSON, late of the County of Philadelphia, That the Auditors appointed by Court intend to meet at the House of ARCHIBALD THOMPSON, in the Township of Norriton, in the County aforesaid, on Thursday, the 26th Day of this Instant, at 9 o'Clock in the Morning, and on the following Day at the same Hour: Those therefore who live in that Neighbourhood, and who have any Demand against the said Richardson, are desired to attend with their Accounts and Vouchers, that the Accounts may then be proved before them, according to Law; and such of the Creditors, who live in or near Philadelphia, or who cannot attend at the Time and Place aforesaid, are informed, That the Auditors intend for their Conveniency, to meet at the House of BENJAMIN DAVIDS, in Philadelphia, on Thursday and Friday, the 2d and 3d Days of June next, at 9 o'Clock in the Morning on each Day, in order to receive their Accounts and Vouchers, in the Manner aforesaid; the Auditors intending to make their Report to the Court as soon as possible, that a Dividend may be made among the Creditors; such therefore as do not attend, will blame none but themselves, if they should be excluded. All Persons indebted to the said Richardson, are desired to come and pay the same forthwith, to prevent Costs. ROWLAND EVANS, THOMAS LIVEZEY, MICHAEL HILLEGAS.

NEAVE, HARMAN and LEWIS,

HAVE imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Falconer, from London, a genteel Parcel of superfine BROADCLOTHS; they have also a large and general Assortment of European and East-India GOODS.

*Baltimore, April* 30, 1774.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

*ABSCONDED from his BAIL, on Tuesday, the 26th instant, a certain* Barney Cunningham, *an Irishman, who has followed draying in this town for some time, and formerly lived with one Mr. Mathers, Inn-keeper, in Chester, Pennsylvania; he is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, pretty red faced, sandy hair and beard, one leg larger than the other, which has been sore all the the winter, and probably is now so; had on, and took with him, a blue coat, patched on the elbows and under the arms, with silver washed buttons, an English castor hat, a white HORSE, about 13 or 14 hands high, which has the poll-evil on his head, a silver WATCH, which opens with a pin, four white shirts, two of them are marked B. C. It is imagined he is well acquainted both in Pennsylvania and the Jerseys; it is probable he may change his clothes, and offer the horse for sale. Whoever takes up said* Cunningham, *and secures him in any goal, so that Notice may be given to* JOB GREENE, *in Baltimore-town, shall be entitled to the above reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges will be allowed.* ¶

YOUNG LIGHTFOOT

IS to cover this season, at the subscriber's stables, for the small sum of Ten Shillings. The race from which he is descended, this part of the province very well knows, is equal if not superior to most on the continent for swiftness in pacing, gentility in riding, and their hardiness renders them very capable of being useful team horses. *Young Lightfoot* is a beautiful brown, rising 4 years old this grass, full 15 hands high, well marked, and is excellently gay and gaited with the pace, trot, and canter. Good care will be taken of the mares, and good pasture provided at a reasonable rate. ‡

*Kennet Square, April* 28, 1774. J. MUSGRAVE.

ALL Persons who are in Arrears to the late GENERAL LOAN-OFFICE, for the Province of Pennsylvania, for Money lent them in the Years 1759 or 1760, are required speedily to pay the same to SAMUEL PRESTON MOODY, in Third-street, between Market-street and Arch-street, in Philadelphia. ¶

CHOICE SHAD,

In Barrels and Half Barrels, cured in the best Manner for Family Use, and excellent HERRINGS,

TO BE SOLD, BY

*WILLIAM MILNOR*, in Water-street, two Doors above the Old Ferry-house, Philadelphia. ¶

ROBERT BASS

IS now opening a large, fresh, and valuable Assortment of capital Drugs, Patent Medicines, fine Colours, best Florence Oil, and a great Variety of other Articles, imported this Day, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Falconer, from London; and will be sold in any Quantity, at the usual reasonable Rates.

N. B. A large Quantity of new Aniseed, &c. &c. ¶

*Neabsco Furnace, Virginia, April* 15, 1774.

RUN away from the Neabsco Furnace, on the 16th March last, a light coloured Mulattoe man, named BILLEY, the property of the honourable JOHN TAYLOE, Esq; when I tell the public he is the same boy who for many years waited on me in my travels through this and the neighbouring provinces (and by his pertness, or rather impudence, was well known to almost all my acquaintances) there is the less occasion for a particular description of him; however, as he is now grown to the size of a man, and has not attended me for some years past, I think it not amiss to say he is a very likely young fellow, about 20 years old, about 5 feet 9 inches high, stout and strong made, has a remarkable swing in his walk but is much more so by a knack he has of gaining the good graces of almost every body, who will listen to his bewitching and deceitful tongue, which seldom or ever speaks the truth; he has a small scar on the right side of his forehead, and the little finger on his right hand quite straight, by a hurt he got when a child; had on, when he went away, a blue fearnaught and an under jacket of green baize, light coloured cloth breeches, with silver basket buttons, a pair of cotton ditto, ozenbrigs shirts, a mixed blue pair of yarn hose, country made shoes, and yellow buckles.---- From his ingenuity he is capable of doing almost any kind of business, and for some years past has been chiefly employed as a founder, stone mason and miller, as occasion required; one of which trades, in the character of a freeman, I imagine he will profess. Whoever apprehends the said fellow, and delivers him to me, or his master at Mount-airy, or secures him so as to be had again, shall have double the reward allowed by law, and all reasonable charges, if brought home.

‖ 6 w. THOMAS LAWSON.

WHEREAS Eleven Tickets in the DELAWARE LOTTERY, No. 12035 to 12045, were left in the Hand of Captain WILLIAM KIDD, who is since dead, and his Account of them is mislaid. This is to give Notice, that as THE SAID LOTTERY IS NOW DRAWING AT NEW-CASTLE, it is expected that any Persons holding the said Tickets will inform some of the Gentlemen, whose Names are mentioned in the Schemes, or the PRINTERS of this Paper.

FOR BRISTOL,

The SHIP ANN,

GEORGE FORTEN, COMMANDER,

HAS good ACCOMMODATIONS for Passengers, and will sail with all convenient Expedition. For Freight or Passage, apply to WILLIAM FISHER and SON, or said Master, at their Wharff.

BROKE out of Mr. BUNNER's stable, in Race-street Philadelphia, on Sunday, the 24th of April, a bay Horse about 16 hands high, goose rumped, with a small switch tail, branded on the near shoulder with the figure 2, and is low in flesh; he has a blaze on his forehead and a snip on his nose, his hind feet are white and a little swelled, and his heels are cracked with the scratches; he has a white lock of hair in his mane near the withers, and a small white spot almost on the top of the near buttock; he is about ten years old, and travels well at a pace. As he was raised on Long-Island, he is supposed to have strayed towards New-York. Whoever secures said horse and brings him to said Bunner's tavern, or to Dr. Francis Alison, in Race-street, near the new Church, shall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid either by Mr. BUNNER, or FRANCIS ALISON. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

THE HOUSE he now lives in, at the corner of Strawberry-alley, Philadelphia; it is noted for one of the best standings in the city for any kind of public business, and is a very convenient house, three stories high, with two rooms on floor, two good garrets, and a good vault, large enough to contain seven or eight cords of wood, a good kitchen and cellar, with a large front shop. For terms of sale, apply to ¶ ROBERT TAGGART.

*Surveyor-General's Office, April* 25, 1774.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons, who have any Warrants or Orders of Survey on Application to execute, in the County of Northampton, that George Palmer, the Deputy Surveyor for that County, now resides at Easton, where he may be spoke with at Court Times, and at other Times may be heard of by applying to John Rinker, living in said Town.

And as the several Deputy Surveyors propose giving due Attendance in their respective Districts throughout the Province the present Summer, all Persons, who have entered Applications for Land, and have not got them surveyed, are hereby desired to attend the Deputy Surveyor, in whose District the Land may be, shew the same, pay the Charges for surveying, in order that the same may be returned into the Surveyor-General's and Secretaries Offices, in order for patenting, agreeable to an Advertisement lately published by the Secretary of the Land Office, by Order of his Honour the Governor.

¶ JOHN LUKENS, Surveyor-General.

*Philadelphia, May* 2, 1774.

ALL PERSONS, who remain indebted to WILLIAM KIDD, late of this City, Shop-keeper, deceased, either by Bond, Note or Book Account, are requested to discharge the same; and those who have Demands against the Estate, are desired to prove their Accounts, and call for Payment, on

¶ JOSHUA HOWELL, Executor.

*PHILADELPHIA:* Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

*Philadelphia, May 21, 1774.*

THE Commiſſioners for pitching, paving and regulating the ſtreets, &c. of this city, are about to pave certain parts of the ſtreets, for which purpoſe a quantity of pebble ſtones will be wanting; therefore, this is to acquaint all perſons, who are willing to ſupply them, that they will give 4s. 6d. per cart load, for thoſe of a good and ſuitable kind, delivered at ſuch landing places in this city, as the ſaid Commiſſioners may direct. For further information, apply to *Abraham Bickley, Davis Baſſett, Joſeph Moulder, Samuel Robeſon, Joſeph Allen, Owen Biddle*, Street-Commiſſioners. 4 w.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on Thurſday, the 9th of June next, at the London Coffee-houſe, at ſix o'clock in the evening,

THE dwelling-houſe, lot, wharff, and range of warehouſes, lately occupied by THOMAS MURGATROYD, in Water-ſtreet, the third door from Tun Alley, towards Cheſtnut-ſtreet; the houſe hath a large front of 24½ feet on Water-ſtreet, including a convenient alley from the ſtreet to the wharff along the front of the ſtores, which are large and commodious for ſtoring all kinds of goods: The premiſes are ſubject to a ground-rent of 7l. per ann. The ſituation is equal to moſt in the city for mercantile buſineſs, and commands a pleaſant view of the river. One third of the purchaſe-money will be expected immediately, and for the remainder the purchaſer may be accommodated with time, on giving approved ſecurity and paying intereſt from the day of ſale.

Alſo a valuable unimproved lot on the ſouth ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, betwixt the old Roman Chapel and Major Gordon's lot, containing 24½ feet front, and 220 feet back. This lot is equal in ſituation to any in Walnut-ſtreet. Indiſputable titles will be made.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Monday, the 6th day of June next, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Anthony Fortune, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, two full equal and undivided fifth parts (the whole into five equal parts to be divided) of and in a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet aforeſaid, and between Second and Third-ſtreets, containing in front, in the whole, 25 feet 9 inches, and in depth 178 feet; bounded eaſtward with a lot formerly of William Maltby, now of Anthony Morris, ſouthward with Cheſtnut-ſtreet aforeſaid, weſtward with ground late of William Hulſon, and northward with the back end of Market-ſtreet lots, or Elbow-lane; ſubject to a proportionable part of the Widow's dower therein; late the eſtate of William Clare; ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM DEWEES, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 7th day of June next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, two certain meſſuages or tenements, together with a diſtillery and wharff, and all and ſingular the implements for the purpoſe of diſtilling, in the ſaid diſtillery occupied, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate at Point-pleaſant, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth about 200 feet, and in depth about 300 feet; bounded by ground late of William Maſters, deceaſed, and others; late the eſtate of William Maſters; ſeized and taken in execution by WILLIAM DEWEES, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 7th day of June next, at the London Coffee-houſe, at 7 o'clock in the evening, one moiety or equal half part (the whole into two equal parts to be divided) of a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Walnut and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, now in the tenure of William Huſſey, containing in breadth, on Front-ſtreet aforeſaid, in the whole, 22 feet 9 inches; bounded by meſſuages now or late of Joſeph Redman and Philip Syng, and by Water and Front-ſtreets aforeſaid; ſubject to the term of the natural life of a certain Capt. Thomas Bourne therein; late the eſtate of John Johnſon, and Rebecca his wife; ſeized and taken in execution by

WILLIAM DEWEES, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be ſold by public vendue, on Wedneſday, the 20th day of July next, in the town of Carliſle, in Cumberland county, a certain lot or piece of ground, with a ſtone houſe, kitchen, and ſquare log ſtable thereon, ſituate in the ſaid town. Alſo a plantation or tract of patented land, ſituate, lying and being in Middletown townſhip, near ſaid town of Carliſle, containing 244 acres, with the uſual allowance of 6 per cent. for roads. Alſo a certain other plantation or tract of land, ſituate and being in the ſame townſhip, adjoining the abovementioned tract of land; bounded by lands of Robert Callendar, Jonathan Holmes, and others, containing 25 acres and 116 perches, with allowance, &c. One other tract or parcel of land, adjoining the laſt mentioned tract, containing 61 acres, and the uſual allowance; which ſaid laſt mentioned two tracts or parcels of land were granted and conveyed to William Trent, by James Stackpole, and Margaret his wife, by their indenture, bearing date October 12, 1767. And alſo one other piece or parcel of land, adjoining the abovementioned tracts of land; bounded by lands of Jonathan Holmes, Matthew Miller, and others, containing 243 acres and 66 perches, and allowance, ſurveyed by virtue of a warrant, bearing date December 23, 1765. Which ſaid lands, and premiſes, are ſeized and taken in execution, as the eſtate of William Trent, Eſq; by EPHRAIM BLAIN, Sheriff.

HERRINGS AND SHAD, by the Half Barrel, Barrel, or Quantity. Alſo, BAR-IRON, TAR, and ſuch other GOODS as he uſually kept, TO BE SOLD, on STAMPER'S Wharff, by *LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.*

*TO BE SOLD,*

A GOOD FARM, containing about 200 acres of land, and meadow, ſituate upon George's Road, about 7 miles from the city of New-Brunſwick, and about 10 miles from Princeton; about 50 acres of the upland cleared and in good fence, and about 15 acres of the meadow, there being 40 or 50 acres of meadow ground adjoining yet to be cleared, all of exceeding good ſoil, and which will produce the beſt kind of Engliſh graſs: There is a good dwelling-houſe upon the premiſes, 24 feet long by 18 feet, a ſtory and an half high; there is alſo a ſaw-mill, which in a good ſeaſon is very profitable in ſawing thoſe timber upon the place: And there is alſo a young orchard on the premiſes of 100 apple-trees, thrifty and well kept from cattle. This eſtate is part of that lately belonging to the reverend Dr. Samuel Finley, deceaſed, to be ſold and conveyed by the ſubſcribers, his executors. For terms, apply to SAMUEL BAYARD, at Shrewſbury; RICHARD STOCKTON, near Princeton; or SAMUEL FINLEY, at Salem.

N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, by bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment.

WHEREAS the Goods and Chattels of JAMES M'GEE, late of the Townſhip of Upper-Makefield, in the County of Bucks, are attached, at the Suit of JOSHUA LINTON, for Debt, not exceeding Five Pounds. Theſe are therefore to give Notice to all the Creditors of the ſaid JAMES M'GEE, that they may appear on the 18th Day of June next, at the Houſe of John Wilkinſon, Eſq; in Wright's-Town, in the County aforeſaid, then and there to diſcover and make Proof of their Demands, as the Law directs in ſuch Caſes. ¶

*Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold* (price Nine-pence) *by* WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, Bookſeller, in Front-ſtreet,

METHODISM DISPLAYED, and ENTHUSIASM DETECTED; intended as an Antidote againſt, and a Preſervative from the deluſive Principles and unſcriptural Doctrines of a Modern Sett of ſeducing Preachers: And as a Defence of our regular and orthodox Clergy, from their unjuſt Reflections. Addreſſed to the Rev. Mr. ROMAINE, the Rev. Mr. JONES, &c.

*Alſo juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold by ſaid Woodhouſe,*

Three New Plays, viz.---The School for Wives.---The Man of Buſineſs.---The Macaroni. Likewiſe may be had as above, The Shipwreck, with Captain Viaud's real Voyages and Adventures. ¶

To be RENTED, for a TERM of YEARS, and may be entered upon in the Month of Auguſt next,

THAT noted and well-accuſtomed brew and malt-houſe, together with a large two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, and other out-houſes and buildings thereto belonging, ſituate in the Borough of Lancaſter, wherein the beer manufacturing, in all its branches, has been ſucceſsfully carried on, by Mr. Philip Kleiſt, for a number of years paſt; it is now in excellent order: The cellars neatly paved, the copper being lately ſet up again anew, and the coolers and all other utenſils and veſſels thereto belonging is in a very good ſtate of repair, and every thing requirable for the brewing buſineſs, being quite compleat. And as other breweries are commonly much troubled with pumping of water, this has a particular advantage, as there is always excellent running ſpring water conveyed thither by water conduits, into the kettle, and into any other part of the cellars, yards, and other places. Whoever inclines to rent the ſame, may be informed of the terms, by applying to JACOB KRUG. ‡

TRENTON, *May 7, 1774.*

CHOICE pickled STURGEON, at 10s. the two gallon keg, and 12s. the three gallon keg, cured after the Baltic manner, by JONATHAN RICHMOND, at Trenton Falls, who by his long experience and practice in the trade for 12 years, and not truſting to hired hands and Negroes, who often ſpoil the ſame and do not put up the proper parts of the fiſh; as many others neglect, is enabled to vouch that his curing will ſtand the warmeſt climate. All maſters of veſſels or others, leſt they ſhould be impoſed on by perſons ſelling their fiſh in Richmond's name, are requeſted to take notice, that all his kegs are branded on the head with his name. To be ſold at Meſſieurs COX and FURMAN's ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, and at WILLIAM HARPER's ſtore, at the Crooked-Billet wharff, and no where elſe, in Philadelphia.

N. B. Pleaſe to follow theſe directions, draw off the liquor at the bung, into a clean pan, then take out the head that is branded, harden on the hoops and pour to it again its own pickle, and if at any time there is a ſupply wanting to cover the fiſh, add ſome good neat vinegar. ¶

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A PLANTATION, and tract of 114 acres of LAND, in the townſhip of Lower-Merion, about 7 miles from Philadelphia, adjoining the river Schuylkill; whereon is a valuable well accuſtomed griſt and ſaw-mill, under one roof, the building partly ſtone and partly frame, of 58 feet by 32 feet; the griſt-mill hath two pair of ſtones, the one French burs, the other country make, with 3 boulting cheſts and reels, hoiſting gears, for wheat and meal, in the moſt commodious manner for making flour, and its ſituation well adapted for carrying on the mercantile branch of milling, as well as a great run of country work, having a public road from the Ridge (or Plymouth) road, ¾ of a mile to a ſtore for taking in wheat, oppoſite the mill, and being but 2 miles eaſtward from Lancaſter road, a canal is cut from the mill to the river, by which boats and canoes may unload at the mill on freſhes; alſo contiguous to the mill is a good and convenient ſtone dwelling-houſe, with 4 rooms below and the ſame number in the ſecond ſtory, hath 6 fire-places, and a cellar under the whole (the kitchen excepted) a good frame barn, ſuitable ſtabling, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a thriving young orchard, having a variety of the beſt cyder and table fruits, about ten acres of good watered meadow; there is alſo, on the weſtward end of the ſaid tract, a good two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, a frame barn, an excellent ſpring of water and building over it, ſuitable for a dairy, a good old orchard, and a young thriving one, of the beſt collection of various ſorts of fruit, about four acres of good watered meadow, and good conveniencies to make as much more; the whole of the tract being nearly half clear land, the remainder well wooded. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, by applying to the owner, living on the ſaid premiſes, will be ſhewn the ſame, know the terms of payment, and ſhall have an indiſputable title made, by

¶ 8 *W.* ANTHONY LEVERING.

*Big Spring, Cumberland County, May 14, 1774.*

WHEREAS ANDREW GIBSON, of Northumberland county, ſold to the ſubſcriber, a tract of land, lying in Cumberland county (in Newtown townſhip) in the province of Pennſylvania, and hath not made a good right to ſaid land, and hath obtained one bond, dated the 28th of March, 1771, payable the firſt day of November, 1772, for 200l. near 100l. of which is paid, as appears on the back of ſaid bond; one other bond, dated as above, payable the firſt of November, 1773, for 90l. Now this may ſerve to forewarn any perſon or perſons, taking an aſſignment on ſaid bonds, as I am determined not to pay them, until he makes a lawful title to me for the ſame. ¶ JOSEPH JACOBS.

TO be LETT, near 700 Rods of Banking in the Jerſeys, a little above Cheſter, between the Lands of Thomas Thomſon and Lynford Lardner, whereby a Number of Ditchers are wanted. Any Perſon or Perſons that incline to undertake the ſaid Work, may apply to the Subſcribers, near the Premiſes.

JAMES HINCHMAN,
JAMES STEELMAN,
THOMAS CLARK.

*May 10, 1774.* ¶

CAME to the plantation of JAMES SHEPARD, in Plymouth townſhip, ſome time in Auguſt 1773, a red and white BULL. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and fetch him away. ¶

*Paſſyunk Townſhip, Philadelphia County, May 14, 1774.*

CAME to John Rouſe's plantation, on the 28th of April, a dariſh brown HORSE, near 14 hands high, about 9 years old, ſhod all round, a natural trotter, has a ſtar in his forehead, both hind feet white, and has ſome ſaddle marks. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to the ſubſcriber, proving property, and paying charges, may have him again. ¶ WILLIAM DAVEY.

CAME to the plantation of Jacob Dubie, deceaſed, on the Ridge road, two miles from Philadelphia, where the ſubſcriber lives, ſome time ago, a red ſpotted COW. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. *May 14, 1774.* GEORGE SHRANCK. ¶

CAME to the plantation of ABRAHAM LEVERING, in Roxborough townſhip, near Nathan Levering's tavern, on the 4th inſtant, a middling large red COW, with a white face, and ſome more white ſpots. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 14th of April laſt, a large white COW, with a crop out of the off ear, and a ſlit in the near ear, about 12 or 13 years old, with holes through her horns. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay the charges, and take her away. JOHN VARLY. ¶

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living near the Borough of Wilmington, on Tueſday, the 30th of May inſtant, an Iriſh Servant Girl, named ANN LESTER, about 30 Years of Age, of a middle Size, brown Complexion, dark coloured Hair, has her Ears bored, and had Lead in them when ſhe left home; Had on when ſhe went away (but may change her Cloaths) a long black and white Calicoe Gown, two ſtriped Linſey Petticoats, one of them new, Shoes and Stockings, a Straw Hat, with a brownish Ribbon round the Crown. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo as her Maſter may get her again, ſhall have One Dollar Reward, if taken in Wilmington, Two Dollars, if within 10 Miles of home, Three Dollars, if 20, and Four Dollars, if 30 Miles from home, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JONAS PETERSON.

*N. B. All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to carry her off, or harbour her, at their Peril.* ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, September 6, 1773, from the ſubſcriber, living in Carliſle, Cumberland county, a ſervant man, named PETER FLOYD, about 22 years of age, fair complexion, ſtrait hair, about 5 feet 8 inches high, ſtoop ſhouldered, round faced, brown eyes, uſed to chew tobacco, and drive a waggon; by information he followed waggoning late laſt fall, and the beginning of laſt winter, at Appoquinimy landing, New-Caſtle county. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant man, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have Three Pounds, and if brought to his maſter, Five Pounds reward, paid by

*May 7, 1774.* JAMES DAVIS.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, living in Mount-joy townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the ſeventh inſtant, two ſervant lads, one named JOHN M'DONNEL, born in Ireland, about 5 feet 6 inches high, fair complexion; had on, when he went away, an old hat, a pea jacket, old leather breeches, old blue ſtockings, and old ſhoes. The other named JOHN SIMS, born in this country, about 5 feet high, fair hair, ſlender made, wants ſome of his fore teeth; had on when he went away, a new wool hat, old white cloth coat, ſpotted flannel jacket, old trowſers, half-worn ſhoes, and buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them, ſo that their maſters may get them again, ſhall have the above reward, or Four Dollars for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JAMES and ROBERT MOORHEAD.

*All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry them off, at their peril. May 9, 1774* ¶

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named John Winſley, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, well ſet, about 33 or 34 years of age, has been in the country about 14 years, wears his hair, of a dark brown colour, cocks one eye a little, the upper part of his noſe is remarkably crooked, his eyes much bruiſed with fighting; had on, when he went away, an old hat, lappelled ſailer jacket, a ſtraight breaſted waiſtcoat, both of a dirty drab colour, an old check ſhirt, half-worn, brown plush breeches, old woolſted hoſe, light coloured, and old ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he talks good Engliſh, and can tell of ſeveral parts of the country. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall have THREE DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

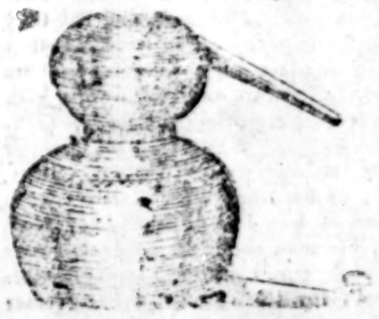
¶ ROBERT LAMBORN.

*Eaſton, in Northampton County, May 9, 1774.*

WAS committed, laſt week, to the goal of this county, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, a certain man, who calls himſelf *George Smith*, is about 22 years of age, black hair and beard, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, has on an old felt hat, brown cloth jacket, with cuffs and wooden buttons, with braſs eyes, an old ſpotted ſwanſkin jacket, old plain black everlaſting breeches, blue ribbed ſtockings, and old ſhoes; he has a paſs with him, dated Salem county, Weſt New-Jerſey, 14th of May, 1773, and ſigned John Holmes; alſo ſigned Iſaac Davis, Cheſter, Nov. 22, 1773, and alſo ſigned James Bickham, Lancaſter, Dec. 16, 1773. His maſter, if any he has, is deſired to come, in five weeks from the date hereof, pay charges, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be diſcharged, upon his paying his fees. PETER EALER, Goaler. ¶

FREDERICK HUBLEY,

COPPERSMITH, in the Borough of Lancaſter,



MAKES all ſorts of COPPER and BRASS WARE, in the neateſt and beſt manner, at his father Barnard Hubley's houſe, next door to Mr. Chriſtian Wirtz's, in Queen-ſtreet, Lancaſter, viz. STILLS, brewers, hatters, waſh, fiſh and tea kettles, bake-pans, ſauce-pans, &c. &c. which he is determined to ſell as low as any perſon can ſell in Philadelphia, Lancaſter, or elſewhere. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their orders punctually obſerved, and their favours gratefully acknowledged.

A few PACKS of very good WESTWARD BEAVER, TO BE SOLD BY *JAMES MILLIGAN,* At the South-weſt Corner of Front and Walnut-ſtreets. ¶ 7 w

CAME to the Three Tuns, in Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle county, the 28th of April laſt, in the morning, a likely grey HORSE, about 7 or 8 years old, branded on the near Shoulder with ſomething like AD in a piece, trots well, about 14½ hands high. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ¶ THOMAS BABB.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter County, on Friday, the 22d of April laſt, a light bay HORSE, near 14 hands high, goes well, is lame in his fore leg, and is marked with a halter on the pole of his head and noſe, is ſhod before. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ¶ BENJAMIN THOMAS.

*Philadelphia, March 8, 1774.*

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a Scotch Highland LAD, named Allen Morriſon, cannot ſpeak Engliſh, 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, light ſtraight hair, a great deal ſunburnt, lately trimmed on the top of the head, grey eyes, a dirty coloured face; had on a brown ſuperfine cloth jacket, made out of a coat, with the coat metal buttons on it, fine blue cloth breeches, lined with leather, a patch on the knee, of a deeper blue cloth, oznabrigs ſhirt, new ſhoes and ſtockings, a large brimmed beaver hat; his other clothes uncertain; he may cut off his hair, and change his clothes; it is certain he is gone back in the woods with ſome of his countrymen, particularly a likely old Iriſh man, that wore a white wig and black clothes. Any perſon confining him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by HENRY NEILS.

*** *He came in with Captain Hunter laſt Summer.* Tbctf.

*To be SOLD,*

THE Time of a Servant GIRL, who has three Years to ſerve, Ireland is the Place of her Nativity; ſhe is honeſt, good natured, hearty, and ſtrong; ſhe is ſold for no Fault, ſave not being capable of managing the Affairs of the Houſe and Family ſhe now lives in. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof.

292

## THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, in the township of Whitpain, Philadelphia county, on the night of the 26th of April laſt, a large black HORSE, 15 years old, at leaſt 15 hands high, branded on the near buttock L, a large head, and much ram noſed, a ſaddle mark on his back, a ſwitch tail, paces and trots, ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings him to the owner, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, or Three Pounds for both, on conviction of the thief, with reaſonable charges, paid by DANIEL LEVERING.

N. B. Like wiſe was ſtolen, the ſame time, out of ſaid *Levering*'s barn, a bag with chopt rye in it, the bag marked L, and a figure of 4, and an old plough line, ſuppoſed to make uſe of inſtead of a bridle. ¶

*Burlington, Third-Month 9, 1774.*

## TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, called SPRING VALLEY ſituate on the York road, about a mile and an half from the city of Burlington, bounded northward by Aſſiſcunk creek, containing about 75 acres of land, 12 acres whereof are good meadow (the greateſt part of the beſt kind) being under a good bank, 2 acres of marſh, about 15 acres of wood-land, and near all the remaining 46 acres are arable; ſome of it is new and will produce good wheat; there is about 300 young growing fruit-trees planted out, conſiſting of a much greater variety of appies, peaches, pears, plumbs, cherries, nectarines, apricots, almonds, quinces, &c. than is often to be met with, and a conſiderable number of Engliſh and native grape-vines, all which, with culture, in a few years, may be made very valuable. It has on it a good wooden dwelling-houſe, containing 5 rooms, with a cellar under the ſame, and a well of very good water at the door; a commodious new barn, hay-houſe, cow-ſhed, waggon-houſe, and corn-crib; the ſituation is beautiful, commanding a view of the river Delaware, for ſeveral miles, of the city of Burlington, and of the creek Aſſiſcunk each way, with the meadows thereon, and adjacent grounds; it has on it ſeveral ſprings, one of which is near the center, and may be made to water all the upland fields which want it. The place, with a little improvement, may be made a very agreeable and pleaſant country ſeat, as well as profitable for the attendance of market. The terms of payment will be made eaſy, and a good title given, by

¶ 5t. 6w. SAMUEL ALLINSON.

## To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber,

A CERTAIN plantation or tract of land, commodiouſly ſituated on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Darby, and one mile from George Gray's ferry on Schuylkill; the land is good, arable either for corn or graſs, it contains near 30 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, alſo a never failing ſpring of excellent water; all the land in good fence, and may ſuit either a gentleman or tradeſman. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe ſaid place, may know the conditions of ſale, by applying to the ſubſcriber,

*April* 13, 1774. JACOB RUDULPH. ¶

## SPERMACETI CANDLES,
## Mould and Dipt Tallow CANDLES,
*TO BE SOLD, BY*
JOSIAH HEWES,
IN CHESTNUT-STREET. 6*W.*

*Lancaſter, January* 20, 1774.

AS the partnerſhip of HAMILTON and MOORE, of Lancaſter, will expire on the firſt day of February next, they requeſt the favour of all thoſe who are indebted to them, to come and ſettle, and pay off their accounts as ſoon as poſſible, and all thoſe who do not pay or ſettle their accounts before the ſaid Firſt of February next, are deſired to call on CHARLES HAMILTON, of Lancaſter, who has the Books, and the ſettlement of their affairs, to whom they are earneſtly requeſted to pay their reſpective balances, on or before the firſt day of April next, to prevent further trouble or expence; they alſo requeſt all perſons, who have any demands againſt them, to bring in their accounts to ſaid HAMILTON, that they may be ſettled and paid.

CHARLES HAMILTON, of Lancaſter,

TAKES this opportunity of acquainting his friends, and the public in general, that as the partnerſhip of Hamilton and Moore expires the Firſt of February next, he intends continuing the buſineſs in the ſame extenſive manner that they formerly did, and in the ſame houſe occupied by ſaid Hamilton and Moore, lately occupied by the late John Cameron, where the public may depend on the ſtricteſt care and attention to give ſatisfaction; and, as he intends to keep a large and very general aſſortment of European and Eaſt and Weſt-India goods, moſt of which he imports himſelf, alſo warranted boulting-cloths, a neat and general aſſortment of bar iron, which article he is determined to ſell lower than it has lately been ſold, with ſmiths anvils, vizes, Engliſh, German and bliſtered ſteel, coarſe and fine ſalt, &c. &c. as he is determined to ſell every article on the loweſt terms, he hopes for the favour of his former friends and cuſtomers, and flatters himſelf he will be able to give ſatisfaction to all, who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom. ¶ 8*W.*

*Philadelphia, December* 1, 1773.

## TO BE SOLD,

EIGHT Hundred and ſixty-four ACRES of LAND, ſituate on the river Delaware, at Monongochunek, in Oxford township, Suſſex county, in the province of Weſt New-Jerſey. This tract conſiſts of as good land as any in that part of the country, and has on the part of it which lies on the river a quantity of rich bottom land. There are three ſettlements in proper parts of the tract, accommodated with log-houſes, barns, orchards, and other conveniencies; ſo that the whole may be divided into three plantations. It is well watered, Pequeſt-creek Beaver-brook, and ſeveral other conſtant ſtreams running through it. Part of the tract is lime-ſtone land. The ſituation is very convenient on account of water-carriage, as wheat may be tranſported to Philadelphia at little more than Seven pence per buſhel. The ſubſcriber attends at Eaſton, in the province of Pennſylvania, every court, where, or in Philadelphia, he may be treated with as to the terms of ſale. The whole will be ſold together.

Alſo, to be ſold, a tract of 150 acres of land, ſituate on Codorus-creek, in the county of York, in the province of Pennſylvania, about ſix miles from York-town. There is an excellent mill-ſeat on this land, and a quantity of bottom, which may be converted into meadow. Apply to SAMUEL JOHNSTON, Eſq; in York-town.

Likewiſe to be ſold, two lots of ground in the city of Philadelphia, the one ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce-ſtreets, adjoining Samuel Powel, Eſq; containing in front 49½ feet, and in depth 199½ feet; the other, ſituate at the corner of Pine and Second-ſtreets, near the New-Market, containing 60 feet on Pine, and 72 feet on Second-ſtreet, having a brick tenement erected thereon.

Perſons deſirous of removing into the back part of Pennſylvania, may purchaſe ſundry tracts of very fine land, which the ſubſcriber has for ſale, in Cumberland and Bedford counties. For terms, apply to RICHARD PETERS, junior.

## BOULTING-CLOTHS.

THE ſubſcriber has for ſale, a compleat aſſortment, of fine, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe, at his houſe, in the Borough of Wilmington, and County of New-Caſtle, where Millers may be ſupplied on low terms, and equal in quality to any *Boulting-Cloths* in Philadelphia. Directions will be given, if required, how to affix them on the reels; a reaſonable diſcount will be made to thoſe that purchaſe to retail.

*Thoſ.* DANIEL BYRNES.

## TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in Paſſyunk townſhip, on the new road to Cheſter, about 3 miles from this city, containing about 18 acres in the whole; two acres whereof are ſwamp meadow, cleared, and needs no banking, 4 acres upland meadow, and cleared, the remaining 12 acres woodland, with a large wooden barn on it. The whole under cedar poſt and rail fence, and has never been abuſed; the title indiſputable. For further particulars and terms of ſale, apply to the ſubſcribers, who have alſo for ſale, a quantity of good hay, a new waggon, a cart, with two pair of wheels, a chair, a large bay horſe that trots and paces. JOSEPH and THOMAS KING. *Thcſ.*

## MASON and DORSEY,

In Water-ſtreet, a little below Walnut-ſtreet, have for SALE, The following GOODS, viz.

RUM and Melaſſes, by the Hogſhead; Loaf, Lump, and Muſcovado Sugars; Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, and Rice; Allſpice, Pepper, Ginger, and Muſtard; Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, and Cinnamon; Weſton and Country made Snuff; Brimſtone, Allom, Copperas, and Salt-petre, by the Keg, or otherwiſe; Indigo, Madder, Logwood, Redwood, and Fuſtick; Wrapping Paper, Cotton, Bar Lead, and Shot; Bar Iron, of the beſt Quality, and T. Crawley, No. 3, Steel. Alſo choice Mackarel, and a Quantity of excellent Cheeſe, with ſundry other Articles. ‖8*W.*

*Genuine SHERRY, LISBON & MADEIRA*
## WINE,
In Pipes and Quarter-Caſks;
## BRANDY, in Hogſheads;
AND EXCELLENT
## PORT WINE,
In Hampers, of three Dozen each;
TO BE SOLD, BY
*JOSEPH WHARTON, junior,*
In Front-ſtreet, near the Drawbridge. tf.

## *TO BE SOLD,*

A Valuable PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Berkeley county, Virginia, a few miles above Harper's ferry, Patowmack river, on the main road leading from Baltimore to Wincheſter, containing about 550 acres of fine wheat land, 100 of which are clear, and 15 in meadow land, that may be overflowed at pleaſure, both under a good fence; has the advantage of a conſtant ſtream, and no place in the county ſo well ſituated for erecting a merchant-mill, which, in ſo fine a wheat country, is in itſelf very valuable; there is a handſome two ſtory ſtone houſe, on a very pleaſant and healthy ſpot, with cellars and other conveniencies; and, beſides ſaid houſe, &c. there are two tenements on the land. Any perſon may view the premiſes, by applying to Colonel SAMUEL WASHINGTON, or Mr. WILLIAM BROOKS, living near the ſame. ‖6*W.*

*RUN away, the 13th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, in Lower-Merion, a ſervant man, named* LAWRENCE DUNING, *of middle ſtature, about 40 years of age, thin viſage, black hair; had on, an old blanket coat, old brown cloth jacket, leather breeches, white yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, tied with ſtrings, and old felt hat; a man of few words, and weak or ſlighty at times. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by*

March 14, 1774. *Tf.* JOHN ROBERTS, *Miller.*

*Roſegill, in the County of Middleſex, Virginia, March* 25, 1774.

## A valuable SALE of LANDS.

TO be ſold, a tract of land, in Berkeley and Frederick counties; containing twelve thouſand and ſeventy-ſix acres: It lies ſeven miles on each ſide of Shenandoah river, the quantity on the Eaſt-ſide being only a ſlip of grounds, is inconſiderable; the quality of the land is remarkably good, and the conveniencies attending it great. There are two plentiful ſtreams of water running through marſhes three miles in length, ſome of which are already reclaimed meadows, and the reſt, at a very ſmall expence, might ſoon be reduced to the like ſtate. On each ſide of the ſtreams mills might be erected and furnaces, the land affording ſtone and lime, iron and lead ore. On one of the ſtreams I have already erected a complete merchant-mill, with a pair of the beſt French burrs for grinding of wheat, and another pair of common ſtones for grinding of Indian corn; beſides this there is near the dwelling houſe a tub-mill; on the other ſtream there is a valuable ſaw-mill. There are five ſettled and improved plantations; on one of them is a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with two rooms on a floor, and a kitchen, dairy and all other convenient out-houſes; on another plantation, where Michael Pike lived, there is a good ſtone houſe, and at the other plantations there are overſeer's houſes, Negroe quarters, barns, ſtables, tobacco houſes, &c. The above tract ſhall be either partitioned off in lots of a thouſand or five hundred acres, or ſold bodily to one purchaſer. Belonging to this eſtate there are one hundred and twelve Negroes to be diſpoſed of, together with all the ſtocks of cattle, equal to any in the colony, horſes, mares, colts, hogs, &c. likewiſe all the neceſſary implements for the planter or farmer.

Any perſon or perſons, inclinable to purchaſe, are deſired to make their propoſals to me at Roſegill, on the river Rappahannock, or to leave them with the overſeer, who lives at the houſe plantation, and will ſhew the land. In the months of May and November I ſhall be on the premiſes, and then may be perſonally treated with.

Part of this land, and ſome of the Negroes, belong to my eldeſt ſon, who leaves to me the diſpoſition thereof, and will confirm any engagement I enter into on his part.

RALPH WORMELEY.

THE Subſcriber ſtill continues his potting Buſineſs, in Market-ſtreet, a few Doors above the Black Horſe, and has on Hand, a large and general Aſſortment of Earthen-ware, where all Orders from Maſters of Veſſels and Country Storekeepers will be complied with, at the ſhorteſt Notice, and gratefully acknowledged, by their moſt humble Servant,

WILLIAM STANDLEY.

N. B. All thoſe that are indebted to ſaid *Standley*, whoſe Accounts are above 12 Months ſtanding, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment. § 6*W.*

## STANDLEY and SYNG

HAVE for Sale, at their Store, in Market-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, a few Doors above the Black Horſe, Wholeſale and Retail,---Old Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India, New-England and Philadelphia Rum, Melaſſes, Loaf, Lump and Muſcovado Sugars, by the Hogſhead or Barrel, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Rice, Pepper, Alſpice, Allom, Copperas, Brimſtone, Chalk, Glue, Raiſins by the Keg, Boſton Mackarel, Lamp and Tanner's Oil, Tar and Roſin by the Barrel; Rhode-Iſland Cheeſe. Alſo a few Hogſheads of Lancaſter Geneva, of excellent Quality. ¶ 6*W.*

IF *William Stewart*, Taylor, Son of *Joſeph Stewart*, and *Martha Stewart*, of Ballyeaſton Pariſh, County of Antrim, in Ireland, who came into this Country about four Years ſince, be living, his Brother Robert Stewart acquaints him, that he is come into this Country, and is very deſirous to ſee him. He may find him at the Houſe of Jacob Ruſh, near the Crooked Billet, Philadelphia County, on the York Road; he will be greatly obliged to any Body who knows any Thing of ſaid William Stewart, to write to him, directed as above. ROBERT STEWART.

N. B. Said Robert Stewart would be glad to receive a few Lines from James Boyd, informing him of the Place of his Abode. ¶

*Sunbury, March* 29, 1774.

THE Partnerſhip of TROY and HARRIS having expired on the 21ſt Day of this Inſtant, all Perſons indebted to them by Bond, Note or Book Debt, unleſs they pay off their reſpective Balances in a very ſhort Time, may depend upon being ſued without further Indulgence; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Partnerſhip, are deſired to bring in their Accounts that they may be adjuſted and paid.

Bucks county, Pennſylvania, April 16, 1774.

## FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, this morning, from the ſubſcriber, living in Lower Makefield townſhip, county aforeſaid, an indented Iriſh ſervant man, named John Hull, he is about 45 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a ſandy complexion, has brown hair, a down look; the fore finger of his left hand is off near the ſecond joint, and ſays he ſerved a time to the tanning and currying buſineſs; had on, when he went away, an old caſtor hat, a light coloured over jacket, a ſwanſkin under ditto, with blue ſpots, a Ruſſia linen ſhirt, half-worn leather breeches, ſteel knee buckles, white woollen ſtockings, good ſhoes, tied with ſtrings, but it is likely he will wear a pair of carved plated buckles, as he ſtole ſuch a pair before he went off, as he had no money, perhaps he may ſell them. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by JOSHUA ANDERSON. ¶

WHEREAS JOHN STEWART, late of Cheſter county, has abſconded from his uſual place of abode, and has not paid his juſt debts, theſe are to notify any perſon or perſons that have any juſt debts againſt the ſaid John Stewart, to bring their accounts, properly proved, on the 30th of this inſtant, at the houſe of Thomas Lunn, Inn-holder, in London-Britain townſhip, ſaid county, to James Kennedy, and William Alexander, who are appointed to adjuſt the debts, and make diſtribution according to law. Given under my hand this 6th day of April, 1774. EVAN EVANS. ¶

To be LETT, by the SUBSCRIBER,

And may be entered on the firſt day of May next,

A DWELLING-HOUSE and BAKE-HOUSE, one hundred yards below the Drawbridge, with two compleat ovens and all the implements in the beſt order, with a pump in the yard, and a large wood-yard, well incloſed, and ſufficient granaries. For terms, apply to HENRY NEILL.

N. B. Said NEILL deſigns to carry on the baking of middling and Barbadoe bread, as uſual. T.b.r.t.f.

## BENJAMIN JANUARY,
BOOK-BINDER AND STATIONER,

TAKES this method to acquaint his friends, and the public in general, that he has opened ſhop in Water-ſtreet, a little to the ſouthward of the Drawbridge, and next door to Mr. John Meaſe, where he carries on the book-binding buſineſs in all its branches, and where merchants, ſhop-keepers, and others, may be ſupplied with all ſorts of account books, made and ruled to any pattern, at the loweſt prices. He likewiſe has for ſale, an aſſortment of ſtationary wares, conſiſting of folio and quarto poſt paper, fools-cap and pott ditto, quills, ſealing wax, wafers, pewter ink ſtands, ſlates, black lead pencils, American and Britiſh ink powder; likewiſe bibles, teſtaments, ſpelling books, primers, Morocco and other pocket books, &c. And as he ſhall make it his peculiar ſtudy to merit the approbation of all ſuch who may pleaſe to employ him, ſo ſhall it be his conſtant endeavour to give to the utmoſt of his power entire ſatisfaction. He therefore flatters himſelf that he (being a young beginner) will receive ſuitable encouragement from the generous public, which if he ſhould be ſo happy as to attain, the favour ſo conferred ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, by the public's moſt obedient, and very humble ſervant,

BENJAMIN JANUARY.

N. B. Wanted by ſaid JANUARY, a ſmart active boy, of 13 or 14 years of age, as an apprentice to the book-binding buſineſs.

## THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, yeſterday morning, from the ſubſcriber, living in Thornbury, Cheſter county, an indented Iriſh ſervant lad, named JAMES TURNER, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, well ſet, of a reddiſh complexion, with ſhort black hair; had on a blue cloth coat, red ſerge jacket, with ſleeves, buckſkin breeches, blue yarn ſtockings, with old ſhoes, but as he had other clothes with him, it is probable he will change them. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and confines him in any goal, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN COOK.

*April* 18, 1774. ¶

*THE Subſcriber begs leave to inform the Public, that he prepares an excellent POWDER for repelling all noxious air from the head and ſtomach, ſuch as giddineſs, head-aches, vigrims, hyſterick diſorders cauſed by worms, being a compound of ſeven different ſorts of herbs and roots; printed directions given with every ounce how to uſe it. Alſo an excellent powder, made of herbs and roots, for the cure of all ſorts of coughs. Alſo a baiſam for the cure of all fluxes, having experienced on many hundreds theſe 22 years paſt; the other two 15 years paſt, to the cure and comfort of many, young and old; the reaſon of advertiſing theſe medicines is, and was the laſt ſummer and fall, I obſerved among many of my patients, young and old, certain blains on the ſkin, of a whitiſh colour, burning and boiling very much, and, being ſcratched, voided a watry humour and many turned to a purple red all over the body, for which I prepared a certain deacction, of a detergent and diſcuſſive nature, with a little purgative, which cured a number, old and young; and now this ſpring, I make three ſorts of diet drink, for people of all ages and ſexes, as a great mean under God to purge the blood, and the aforeſaid diſorders, having prepared a large quantity of roots and herbs, by me PATRICK WILSON, in Lombard-ſtreet, near the New-market, Philadelphia, where all perſons may be furniſhed with the ſaid medicine.* ¶

The BRISTOL BATHS and CHALYBEATE WELLS,

ARE compleated in the moſt commodious Manner, for which Perſons who may incline to make Uſe of them the approaching Seaſon.

It is for Strangers to be informed, theſe Baths and Waters from their Effects in a Number of Diſeaſes, which had reſiſted every other Medicine, have been for ſome Years deſervedly in the higheſt Repute----That the Waters are perhaps as pure and light a Chalybeate as the World affords----Seldom, even at the firſt drinking, offending the Stomach, always ſtrengthening it, and promoting a good Appetite; are remarkably uſeful, if not ſpecific in all relaxed debilitated Conſtitutions, whether ariſing from Sickneſs, reſiding too long in a warm Climate, or too free living. Obſtructions in the Liver, Spleen, and meſenterick Glands they have infallibly removed; but the Advantages to be obtained from Chalybeate Waters are too extenſive for an Advertiſement, for which Reaſon the Public are referred, for a more particular Account of their Uſes, and the advantageous Situation of Briſtol, to the Experiments and Obſervations on the Mineral Waters of Philadelphia, Abington and Briſtol, read before the American Philoſophical Society, at Philadelphia, June 18, 1773, by BENJAMIN RUSH, M. D. and ſoon after publiſhed in a ſmall Pamphlet.

TAKEN up, on the 7th of December laſt, by the ſubſcriber, living in Linn townſhip, Northampton county, in Pennſylvania, a ſtray white HORSE, about 12 or 13 hands high, and paces, has no brand nor ear-mark, very apt to jump fences. The owner may have him again, on proving his property, and paying charges, by applying to

¶ PHILIP MOSOUR.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Cheltenham townſhip, two MILCH COWS, both red, the one a white face, and the other a bell on, and a ſtick acroſs her horns. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away. BARTHOLOMEW MATHER.